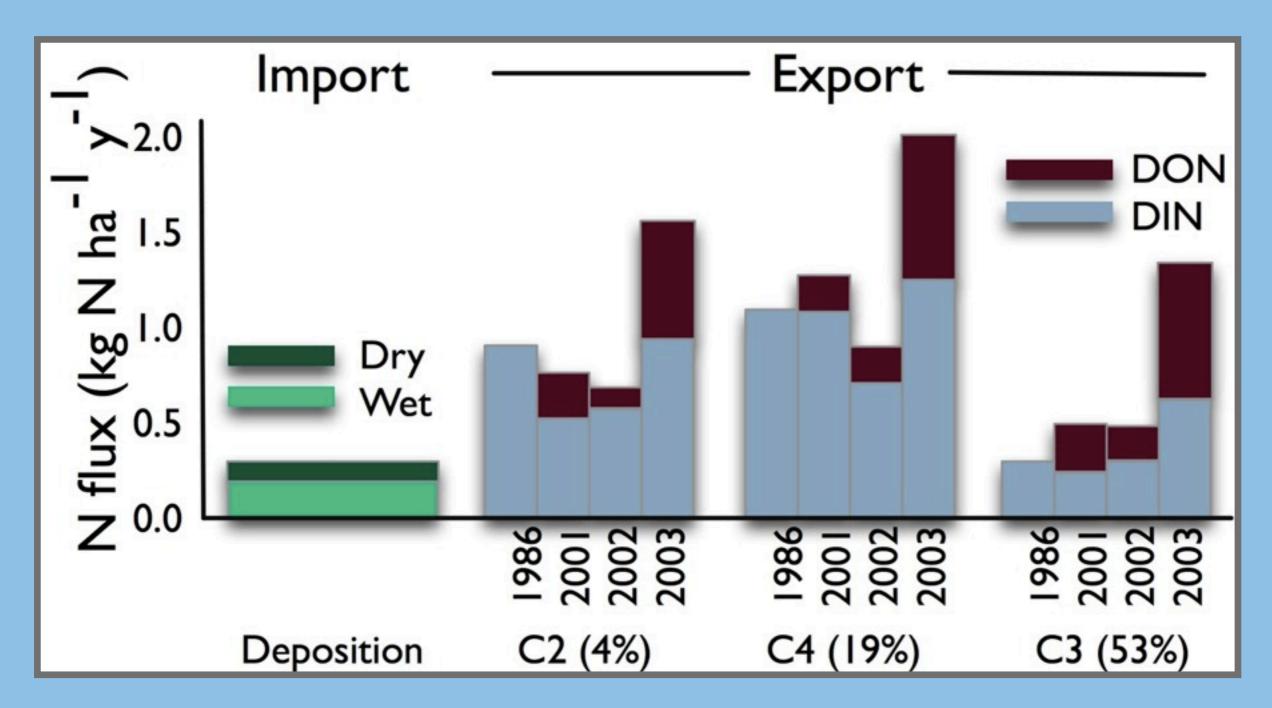
Permafrost thaw and a changing nitrogen cycle

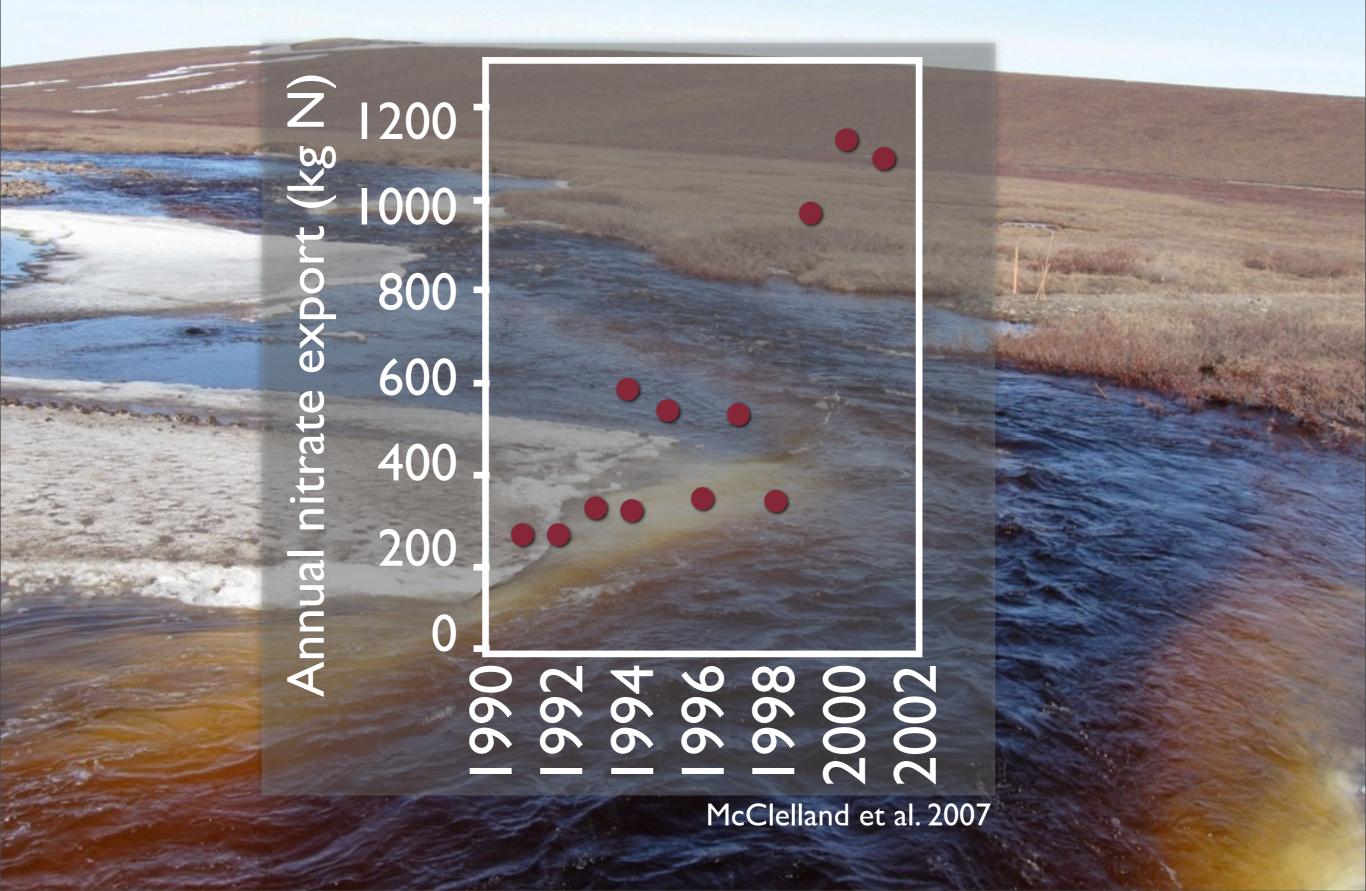
Tamara K. Harms Feb 15 2013

Acknowledgements: Ben Abbott, Andrew Balser, Jay Jones,
Ann Olsson, Amanda Rinehart
National Science Foundation, Bonanza Creek LTER

N export from Alaskan catchments



Nitrate flux



What causes export of N as nitrate?







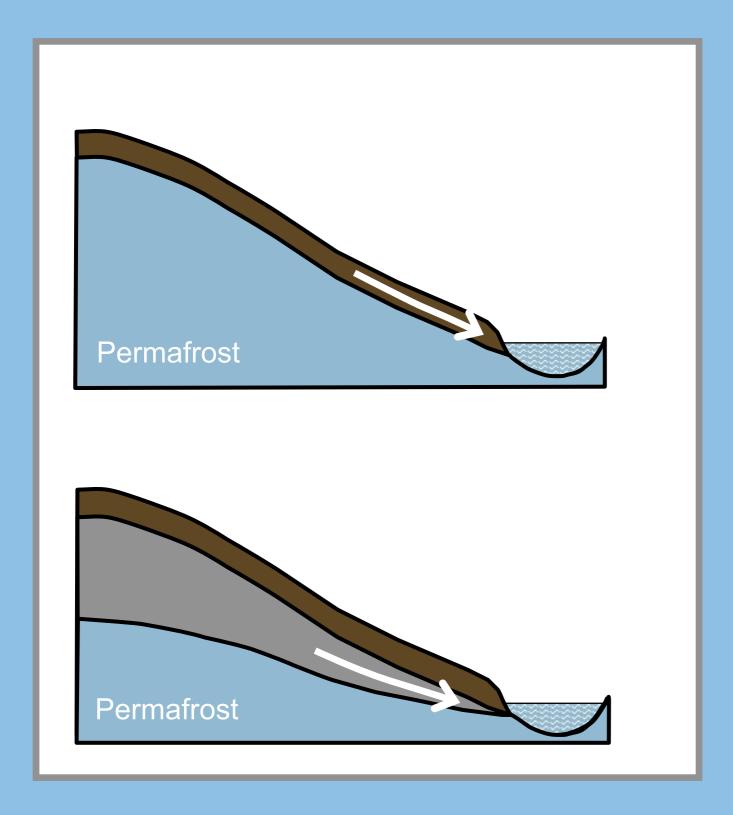
What causes export of N as nitrate?

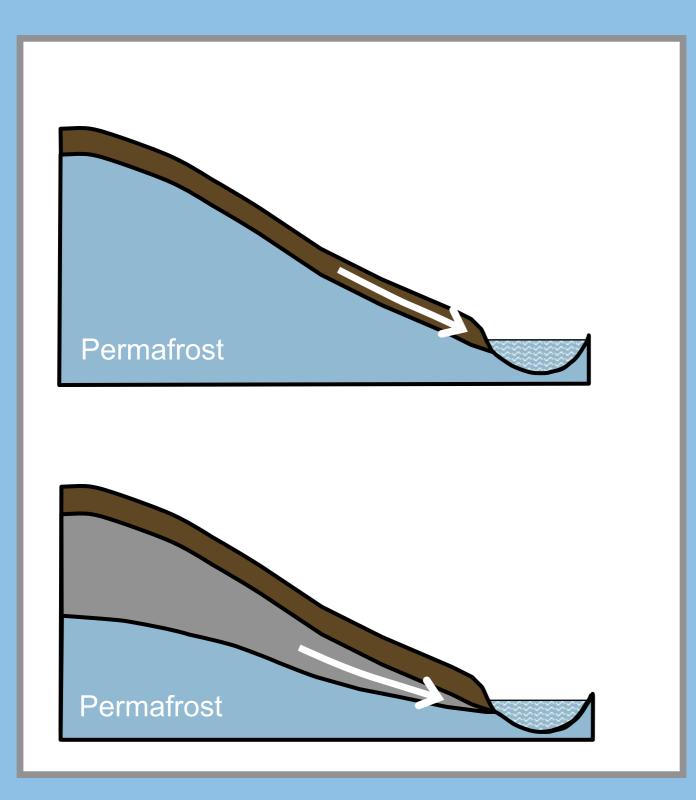
Routing of flowpaths due to degrading permafrost



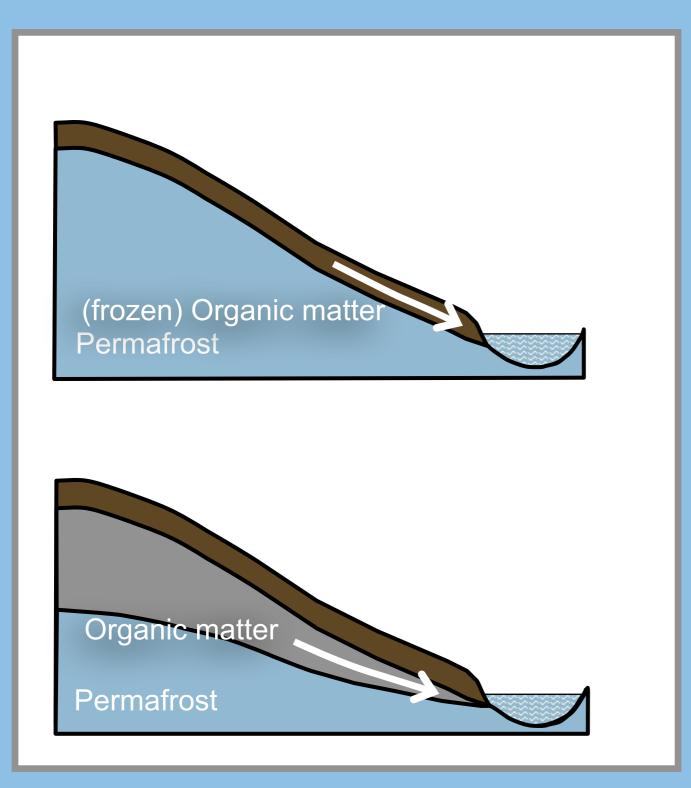




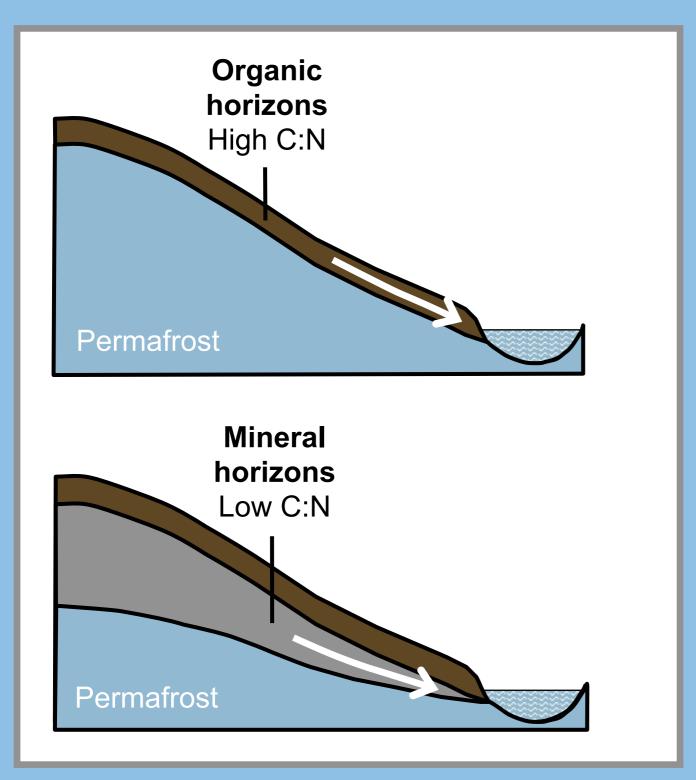




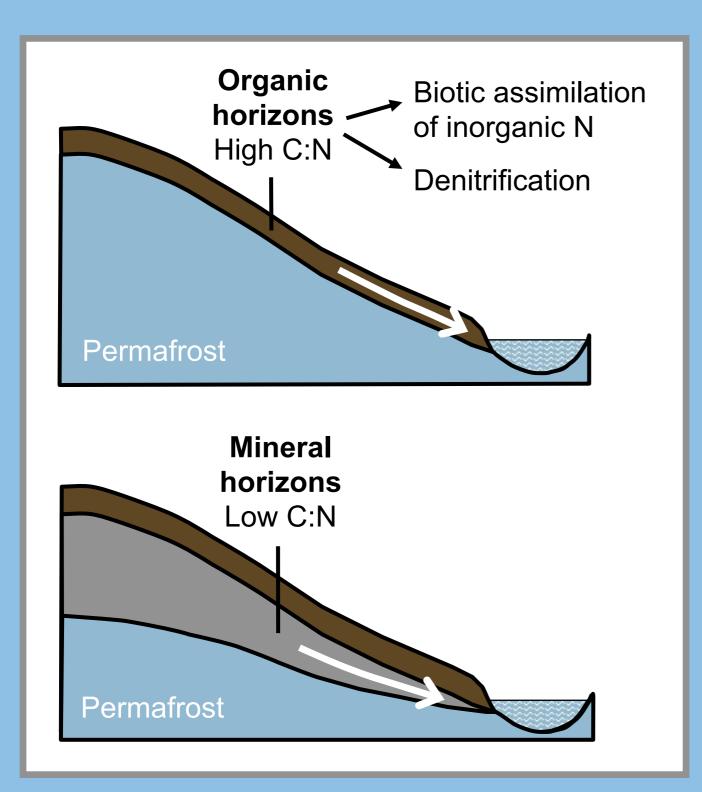
 Previously frozen organic matter



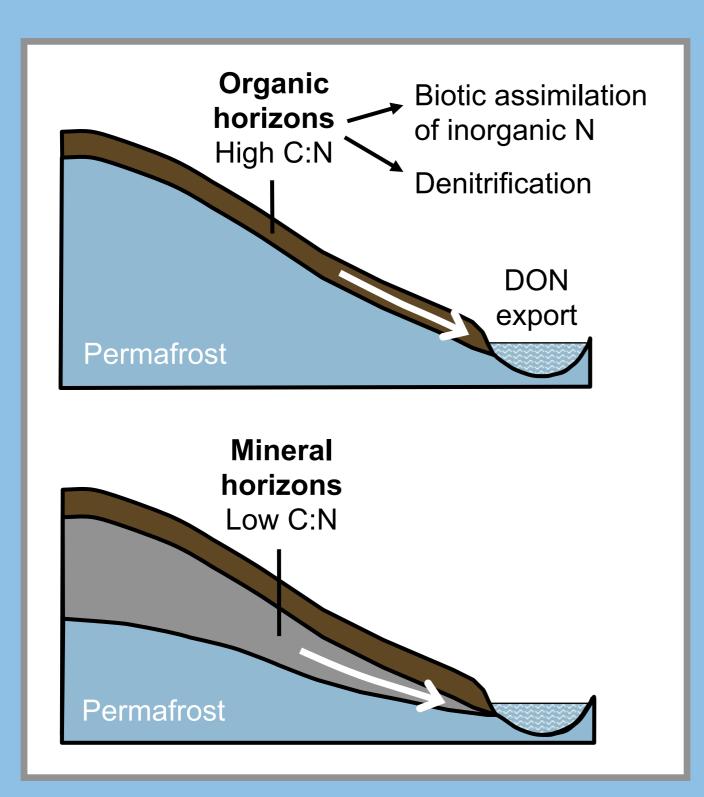
 Previously frozen organic matter



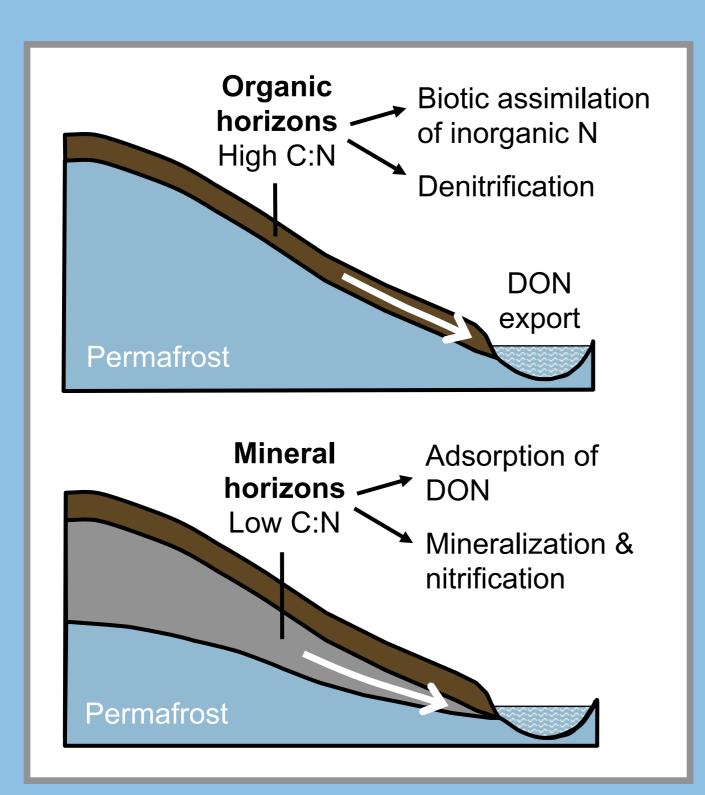
- Previously frozen organic matter
- Dominant biotic processes



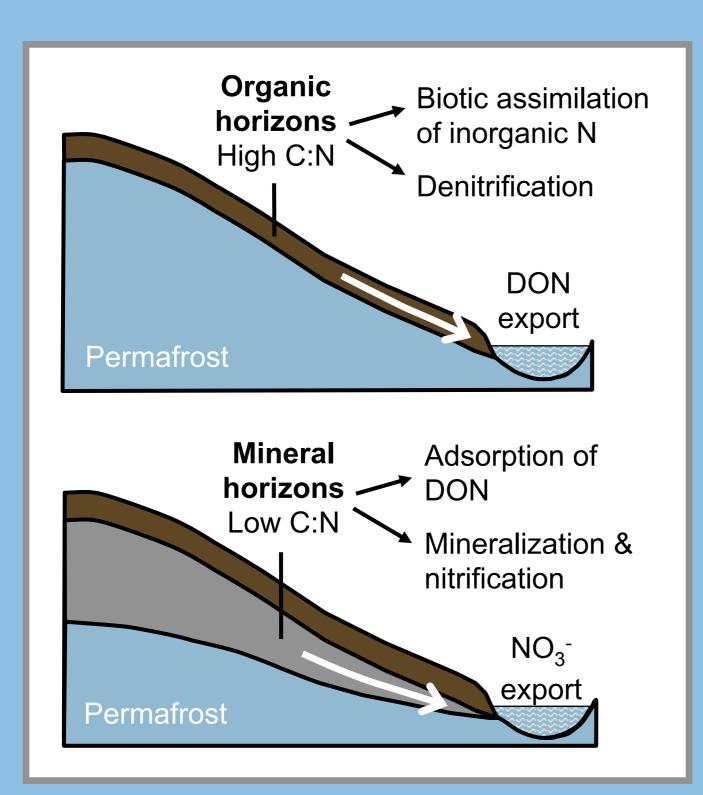
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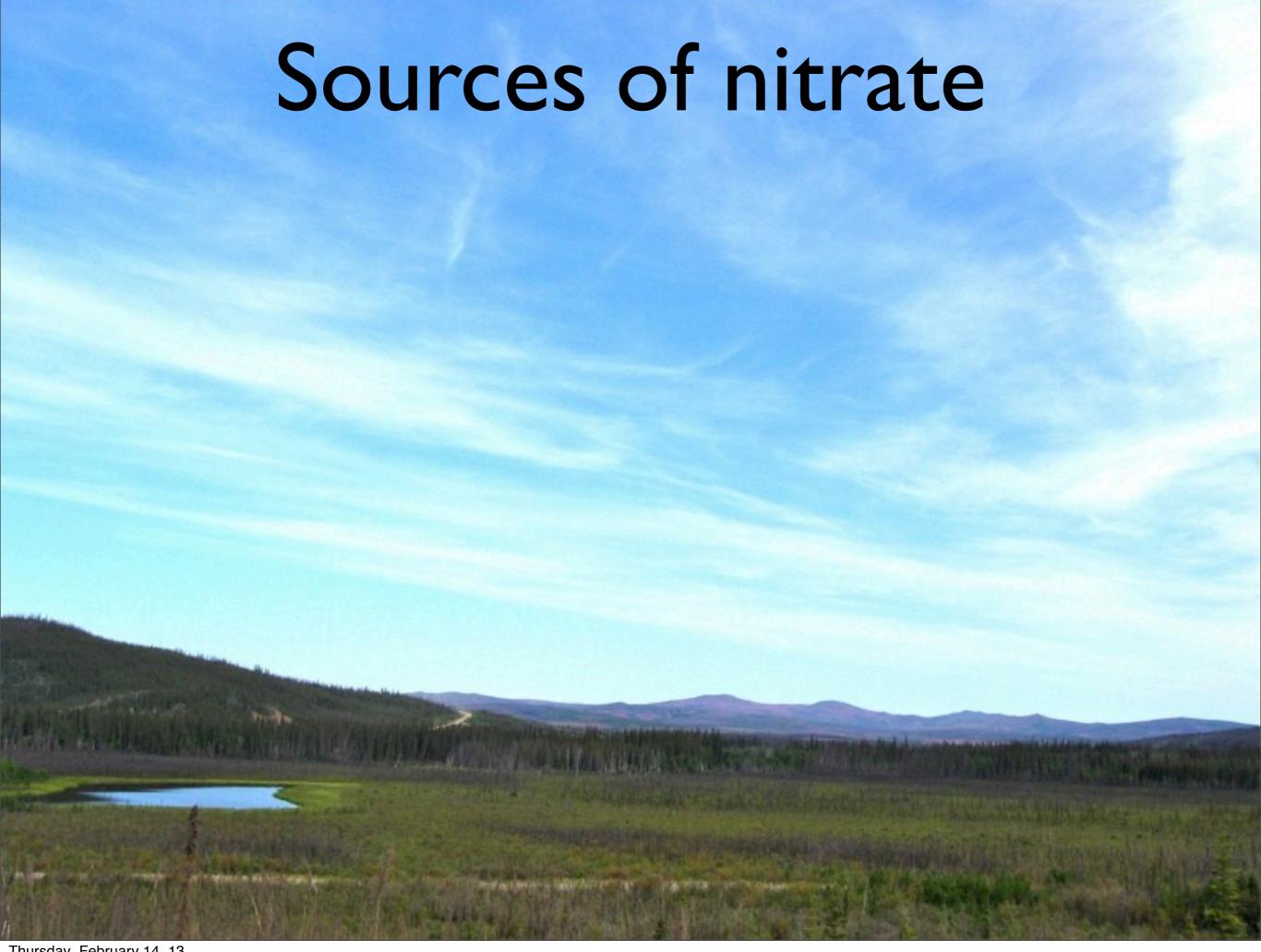
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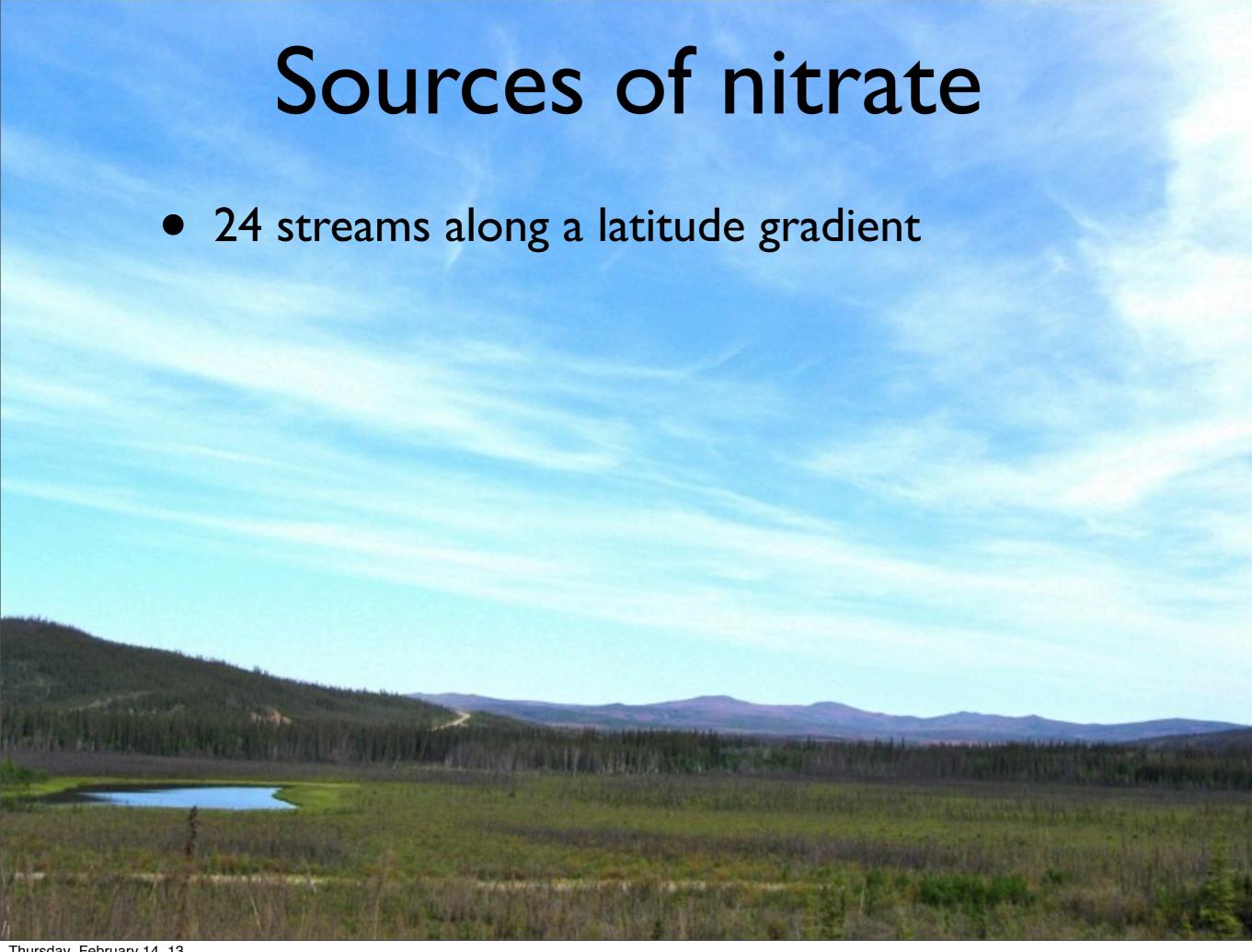


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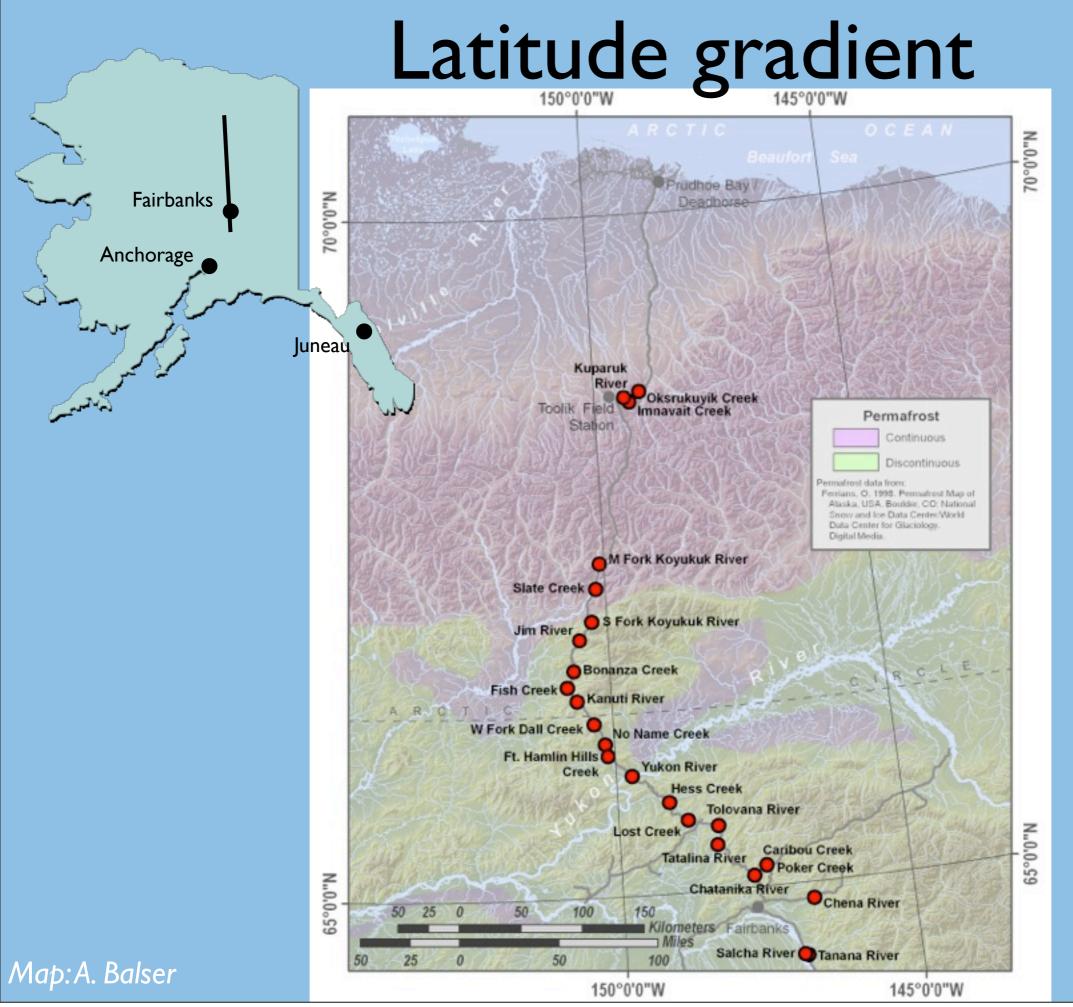


- 24 streams along a latitude gradient
- Discontinuous to continuous permafrost

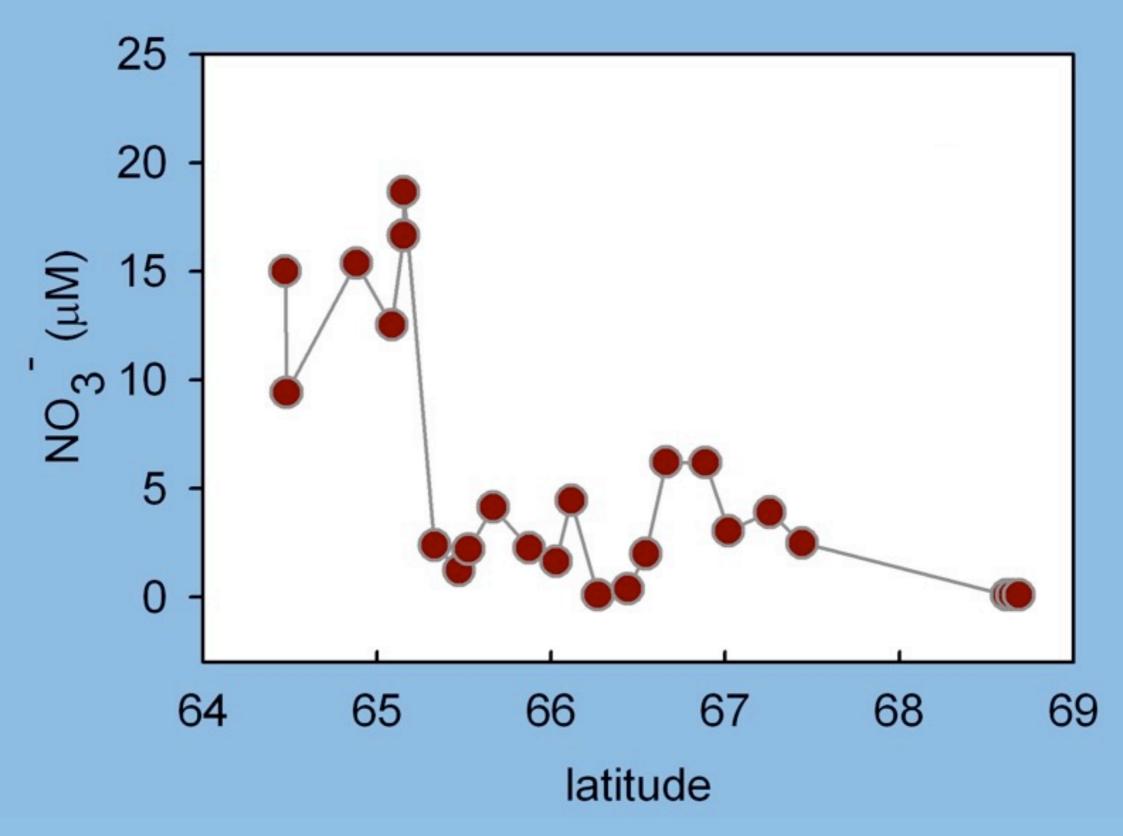
- 24 streams along a latitude gradient
- Discontinuous to continuous permafrost
- Catchment area 2.2-508,400 km²

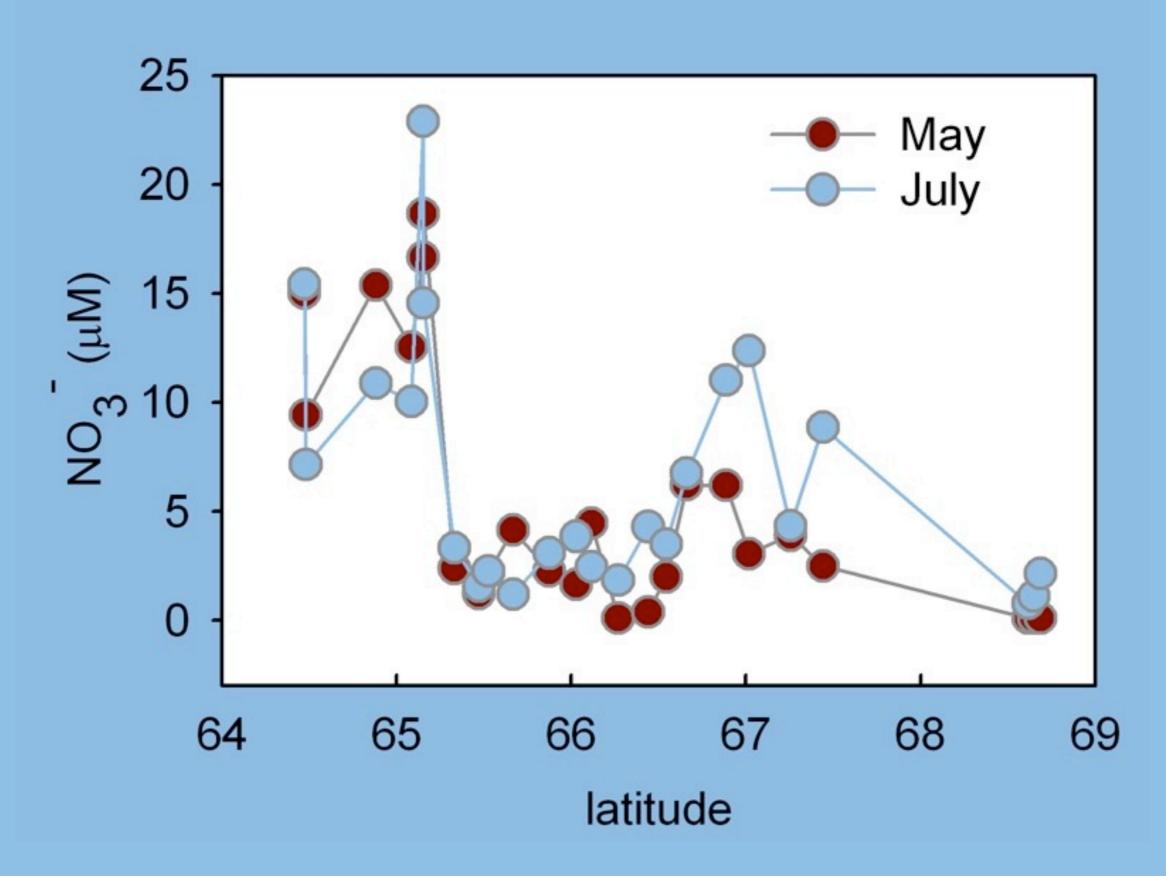
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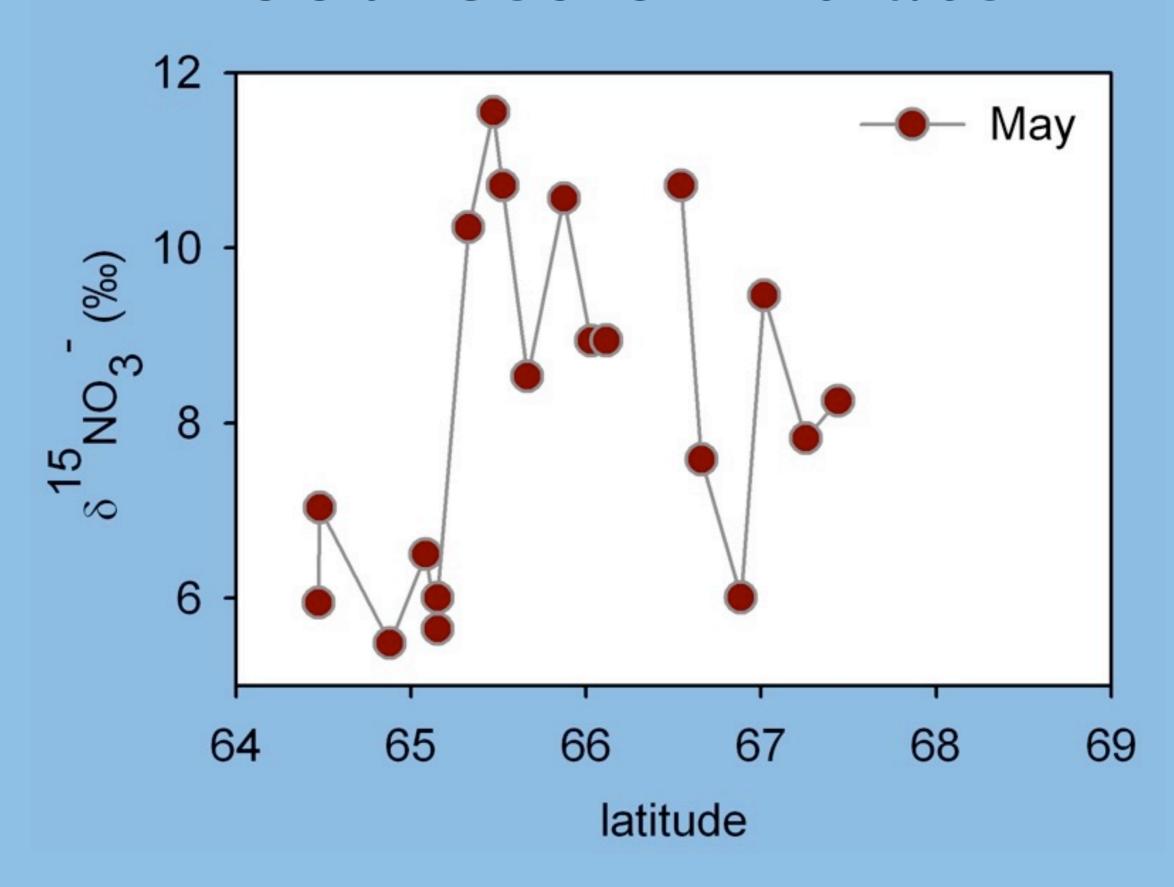
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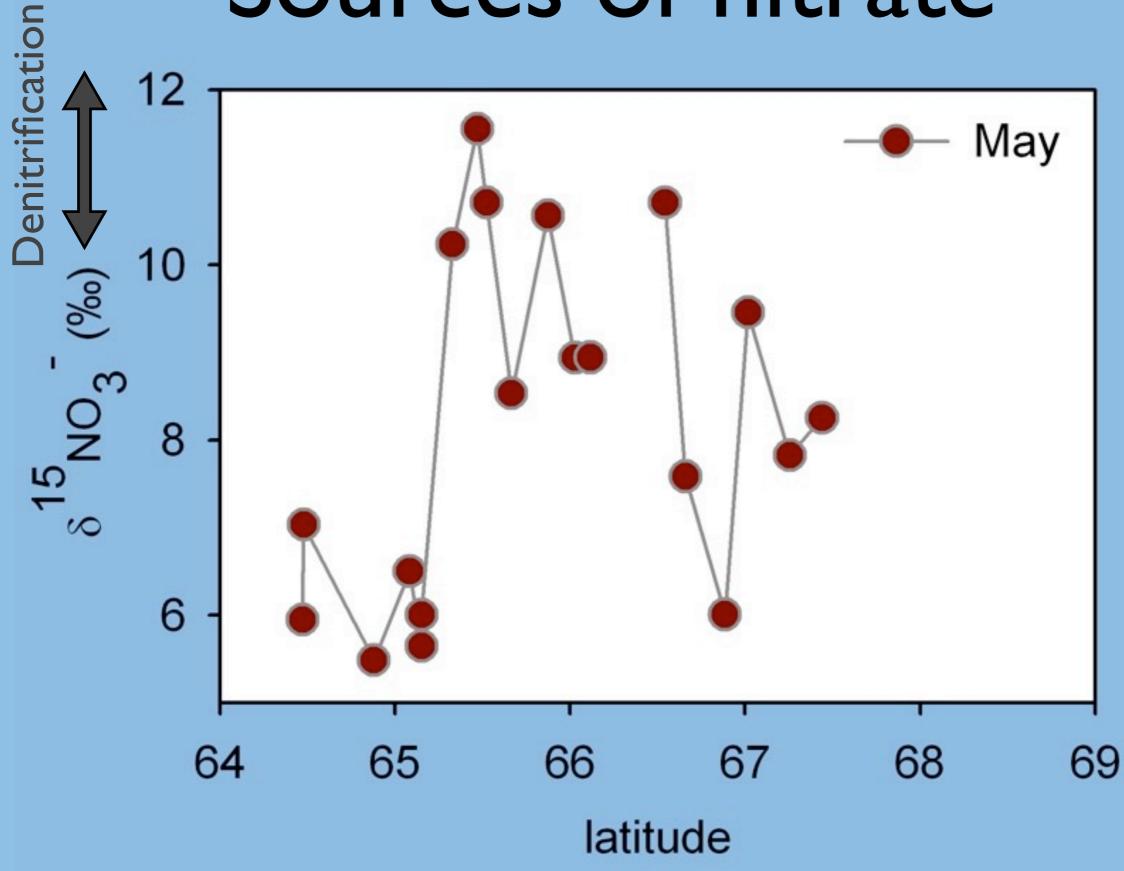


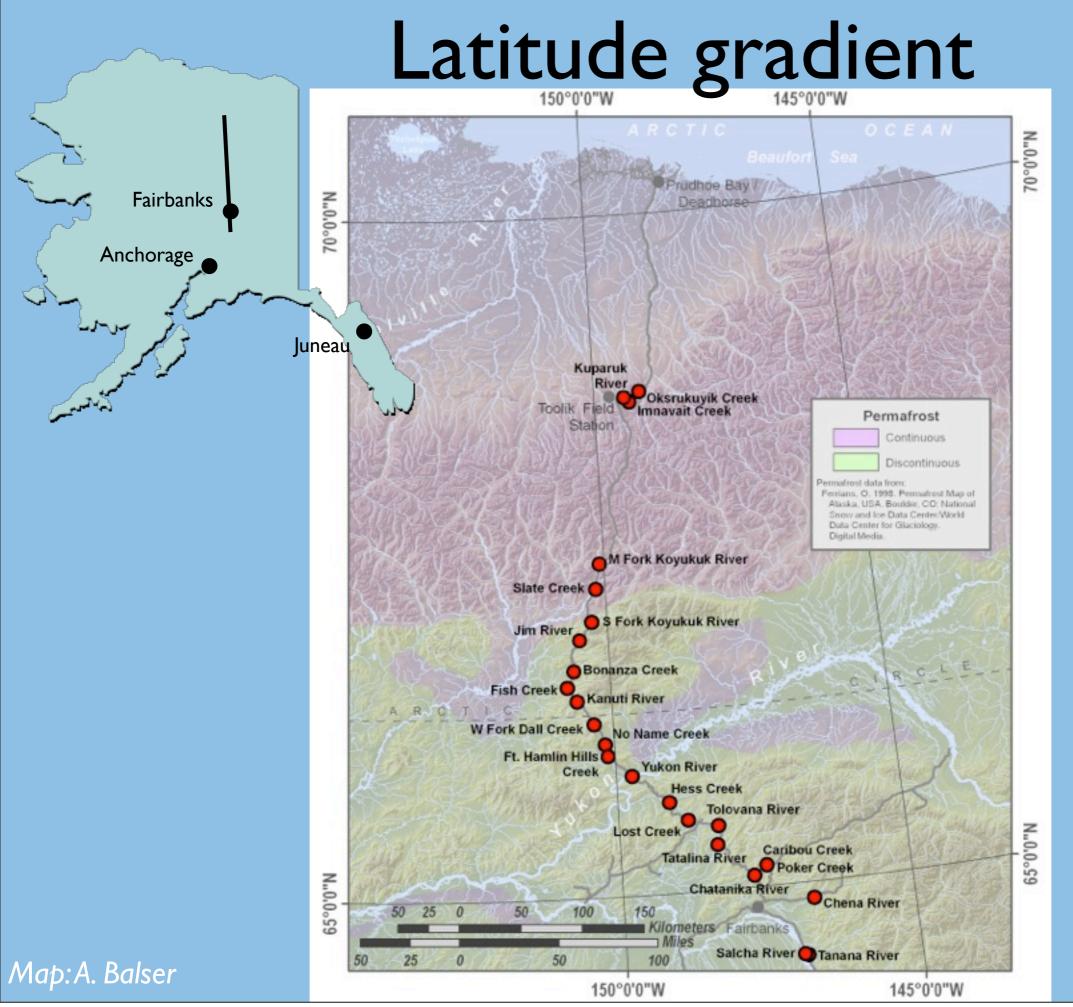
Permafrost gradient

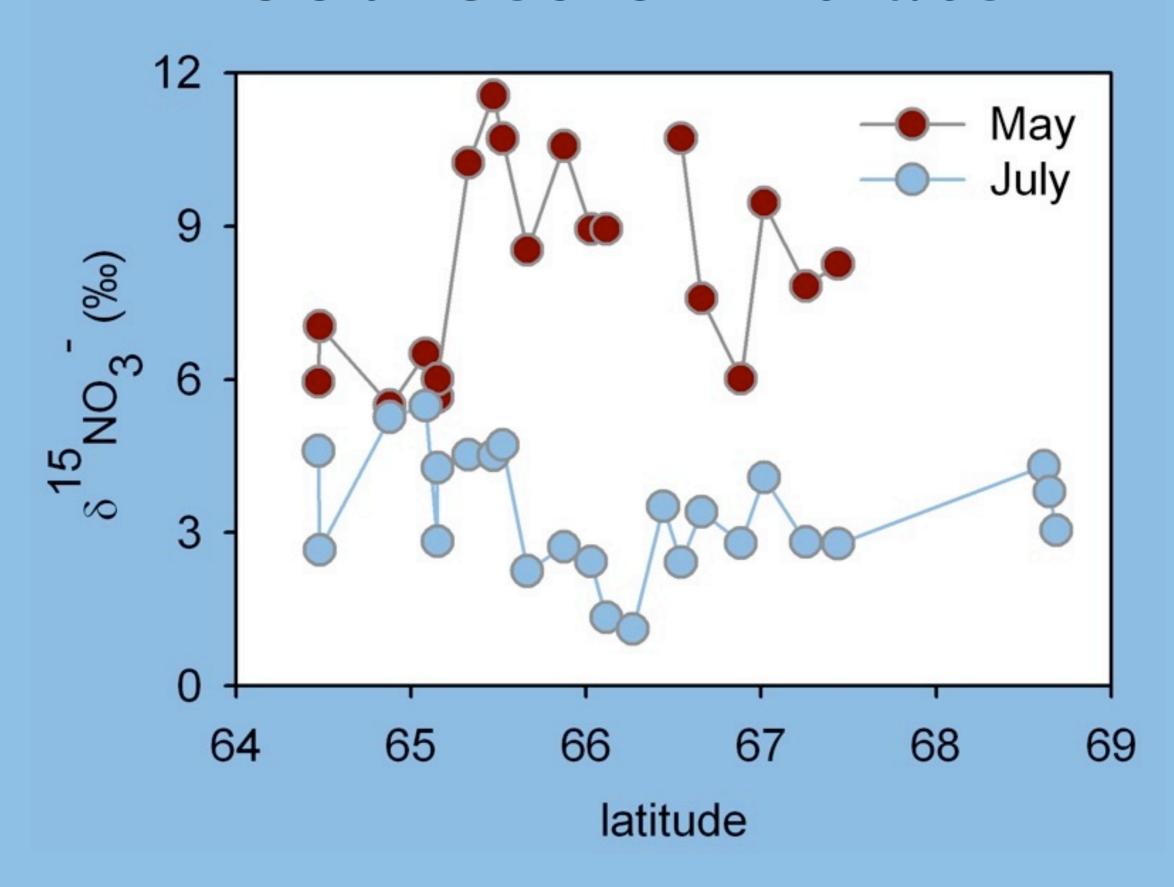


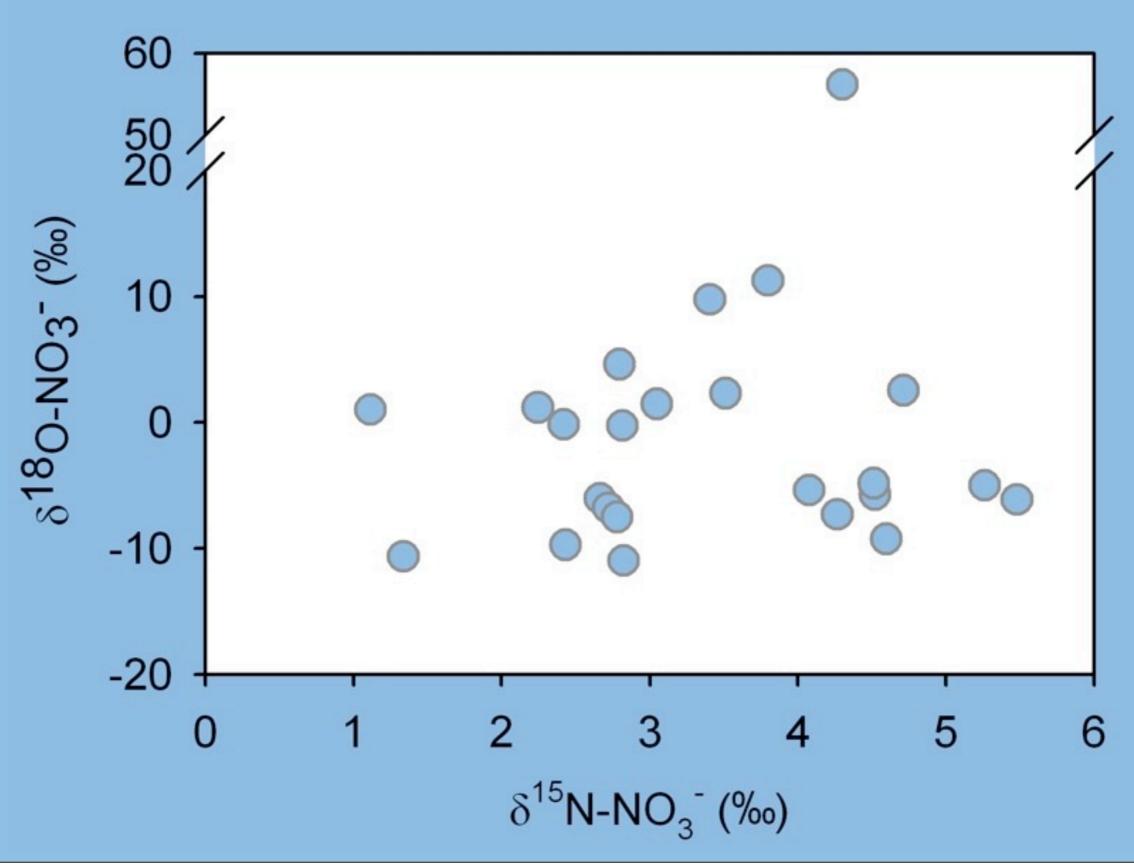


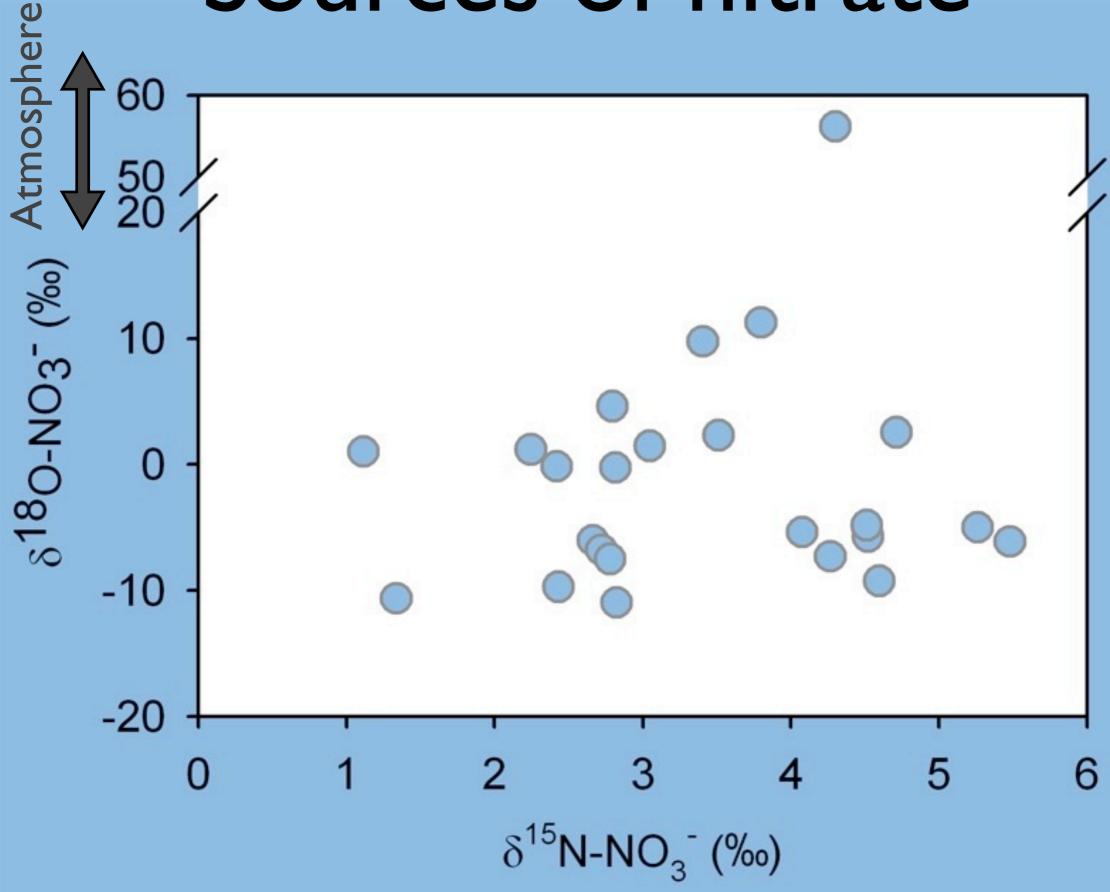


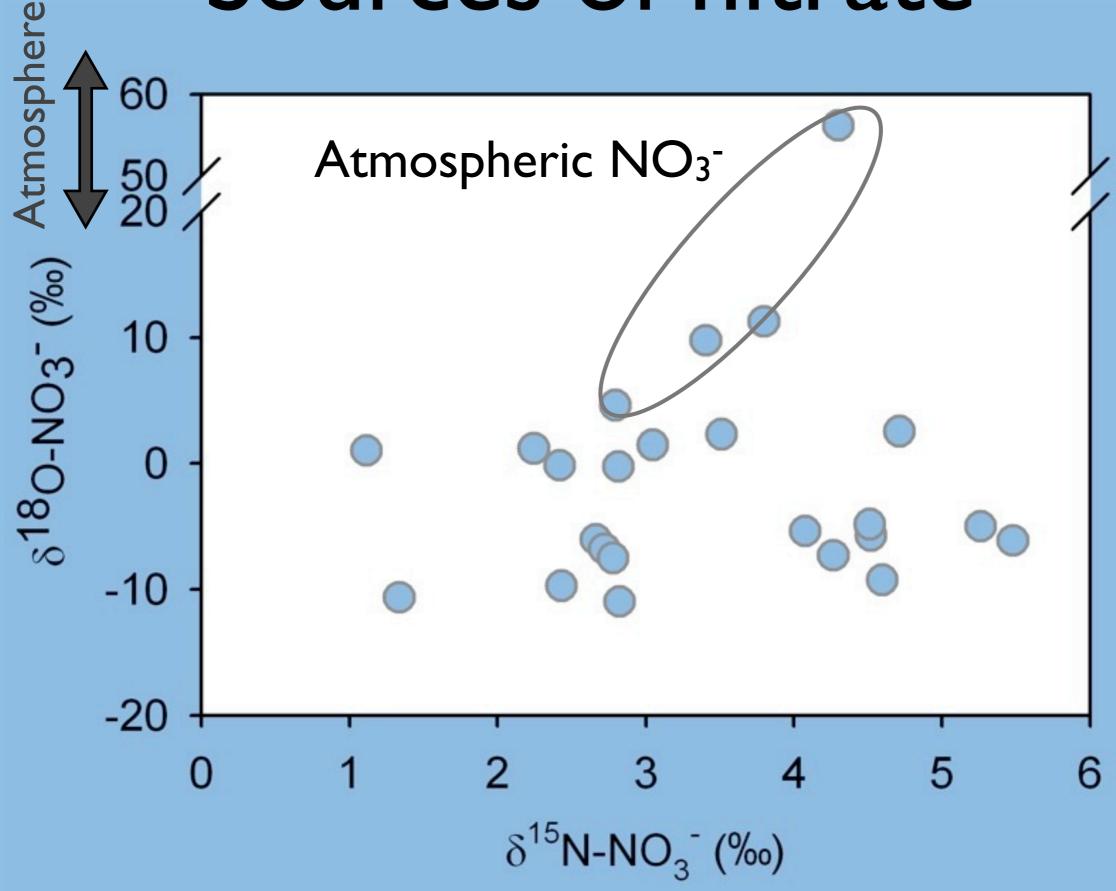


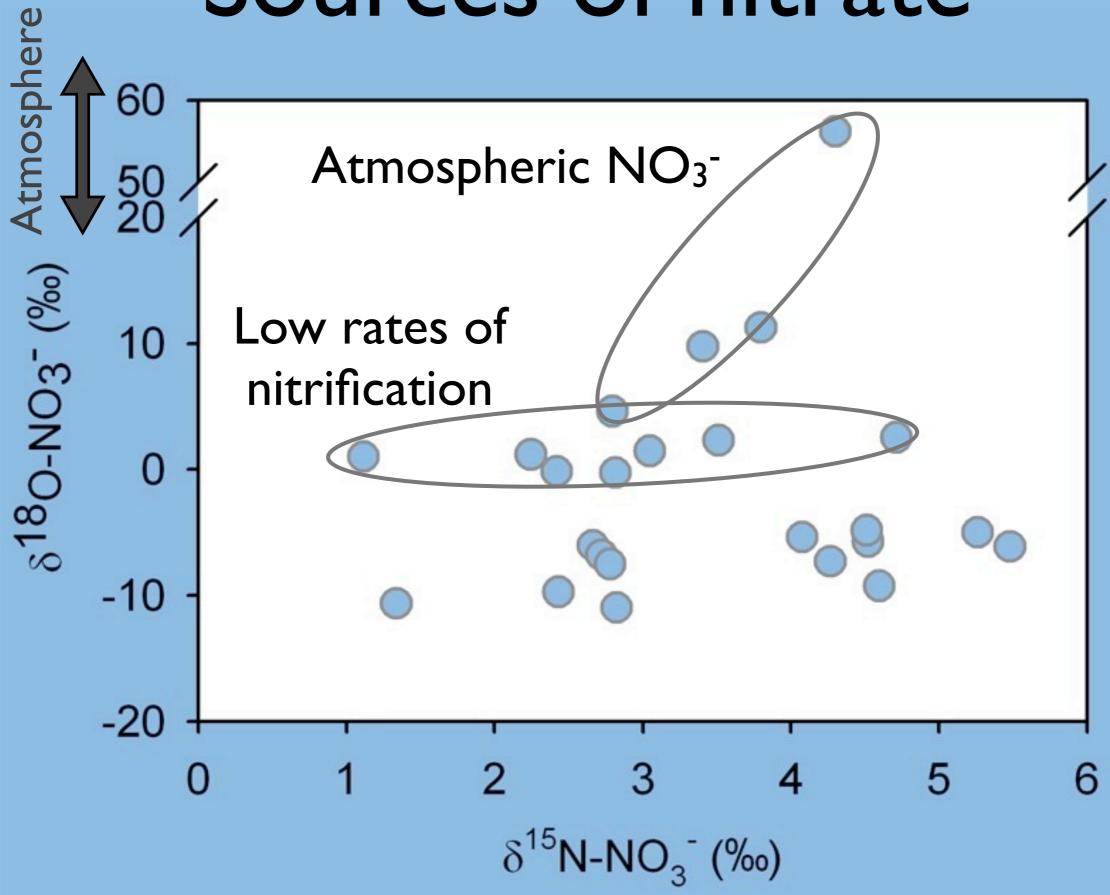


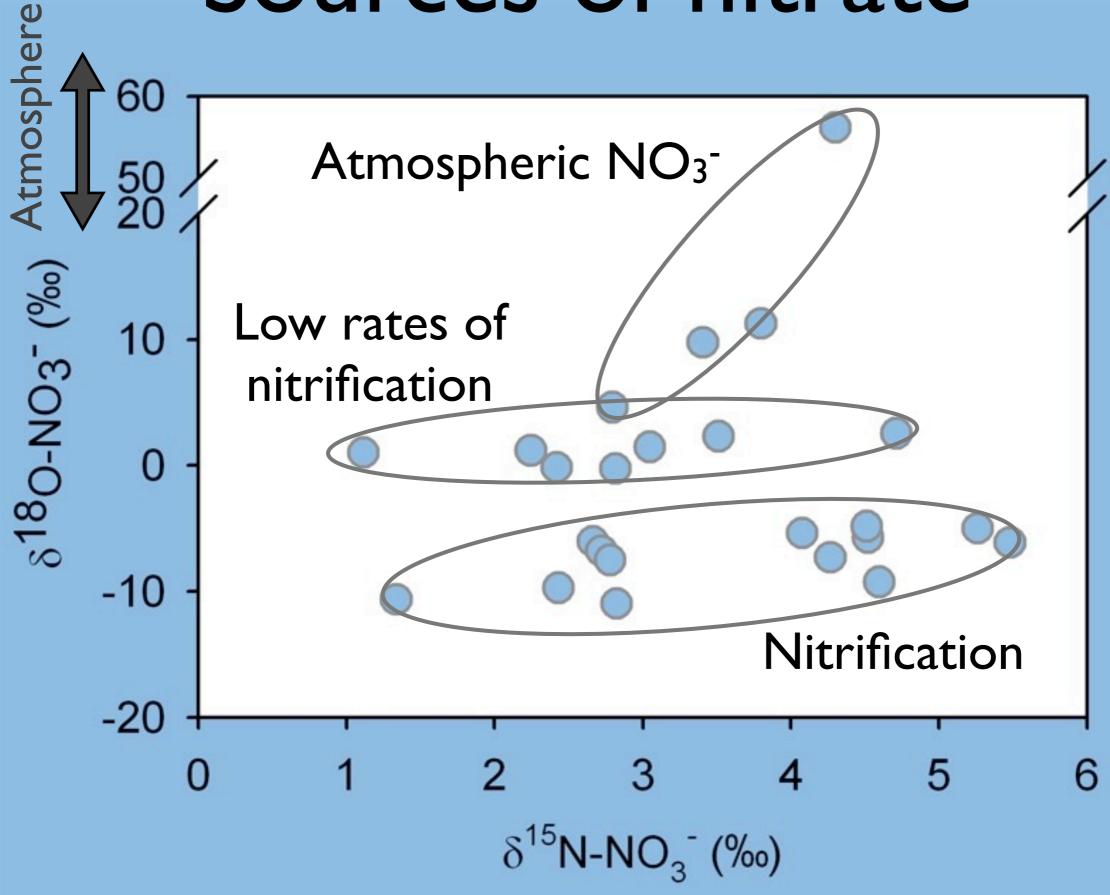


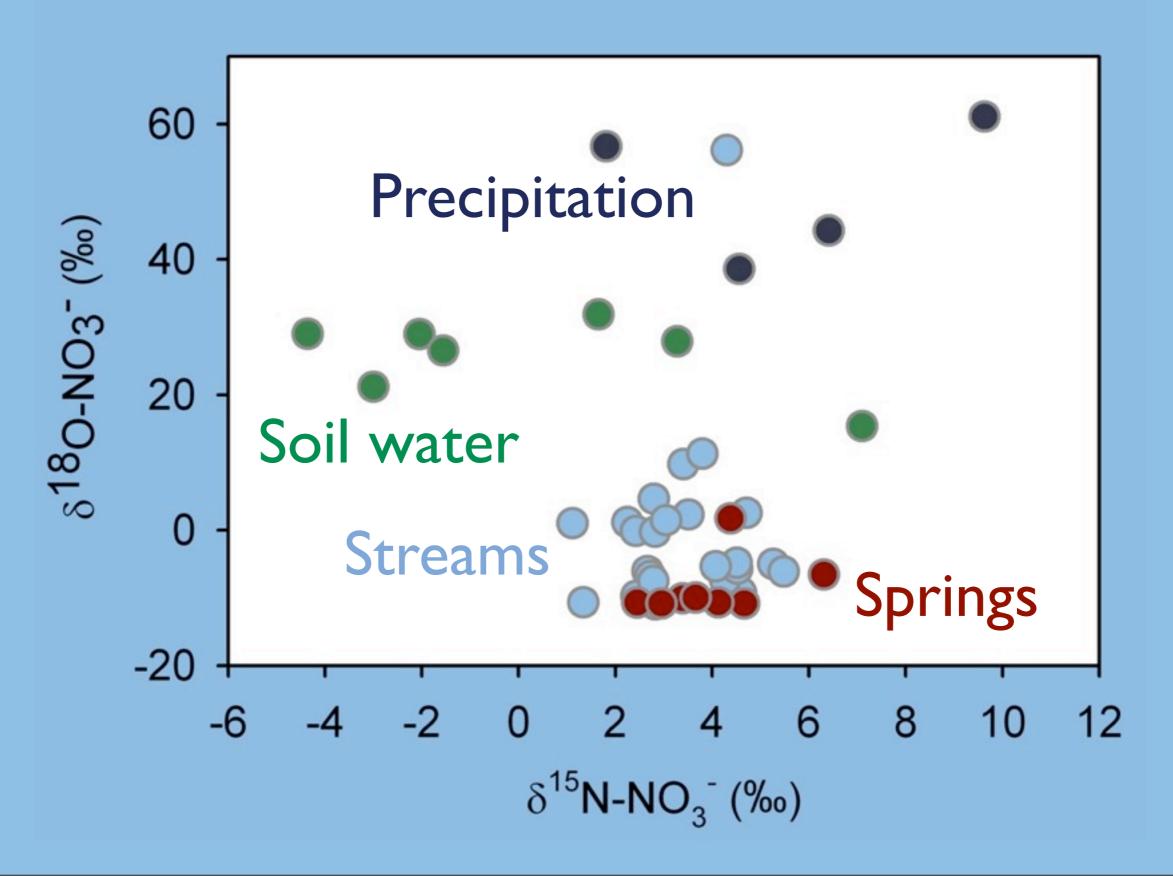


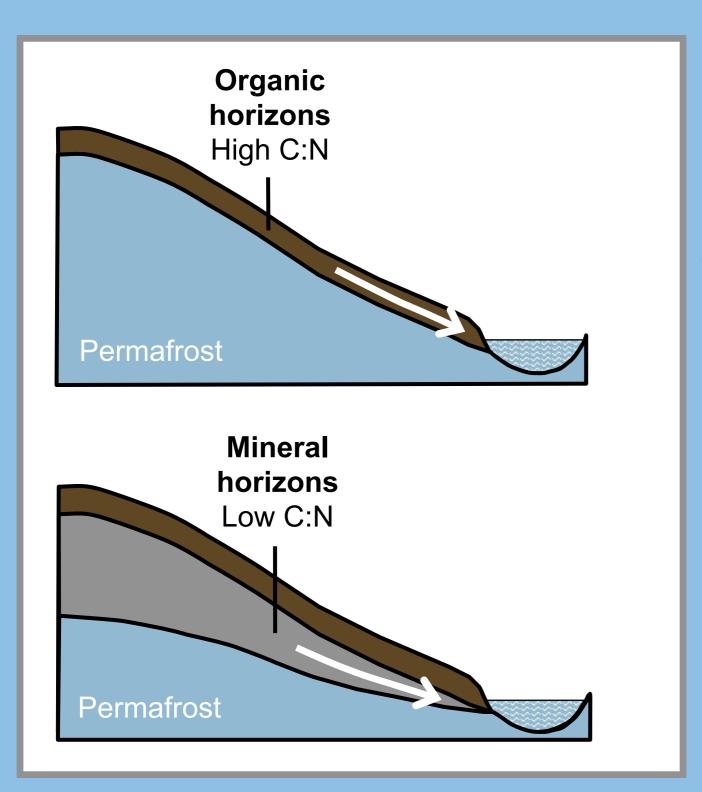




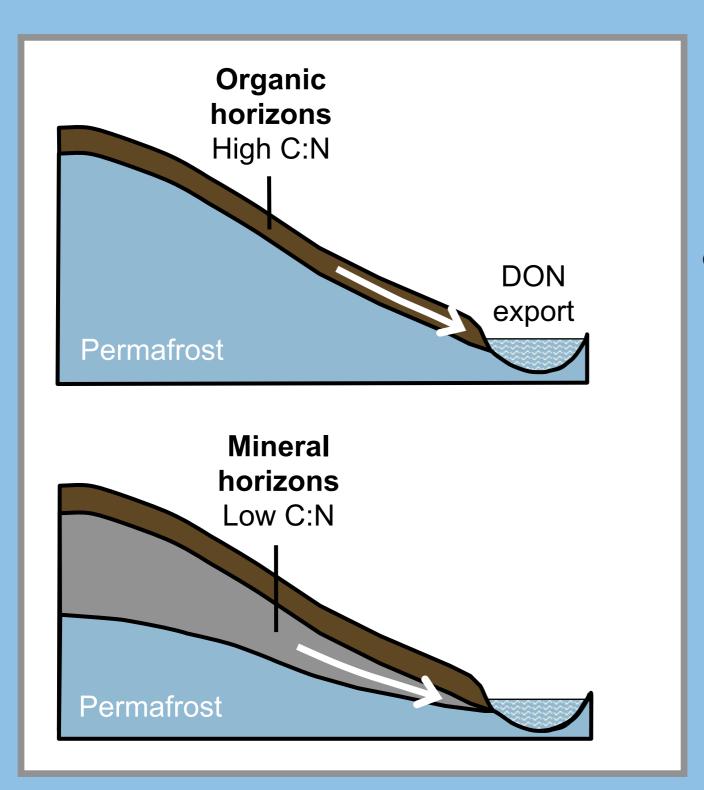




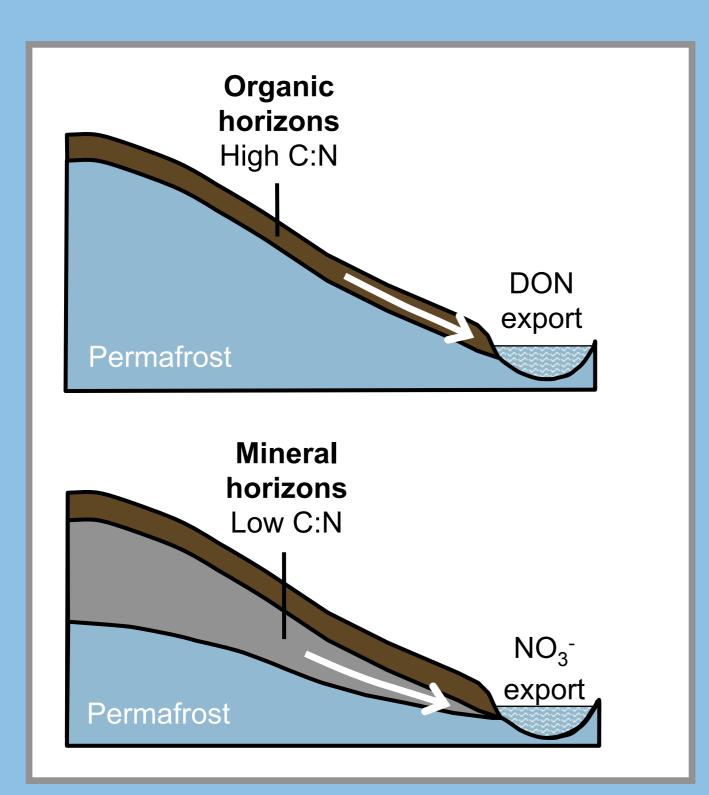




Dominant biotic processes change with depth



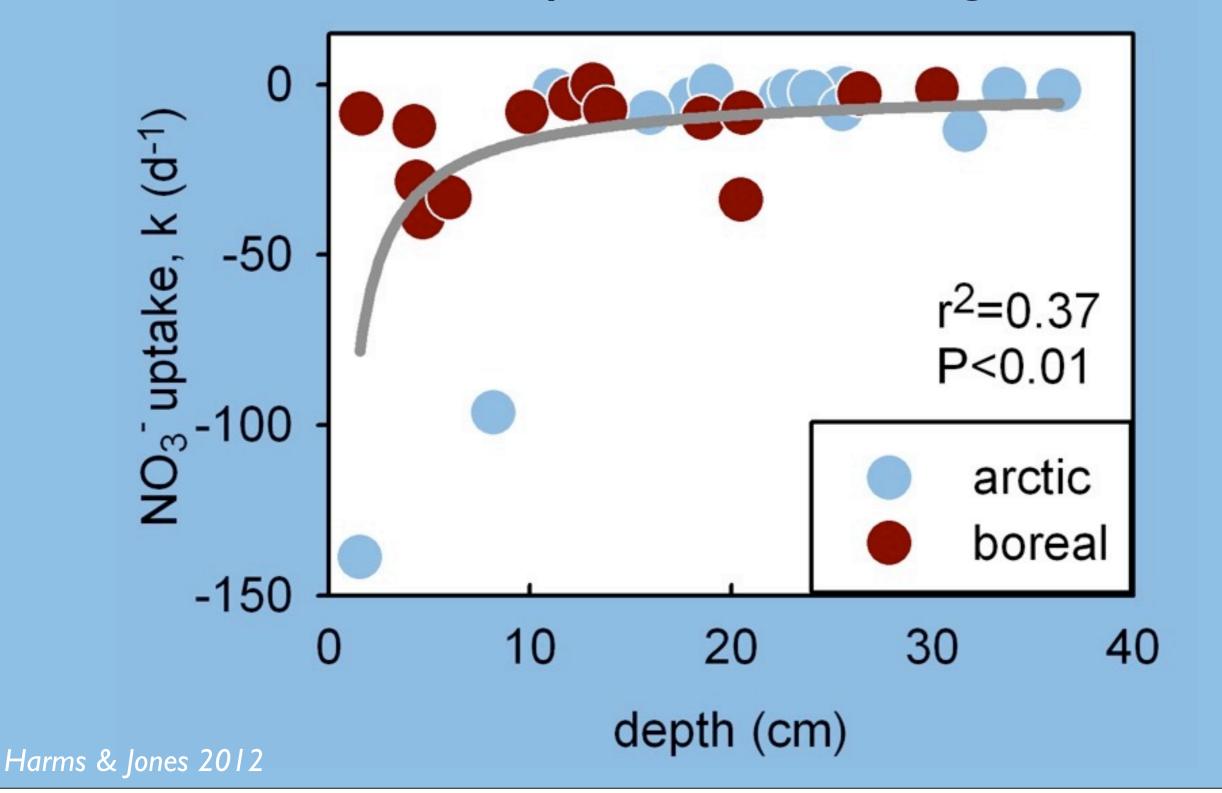
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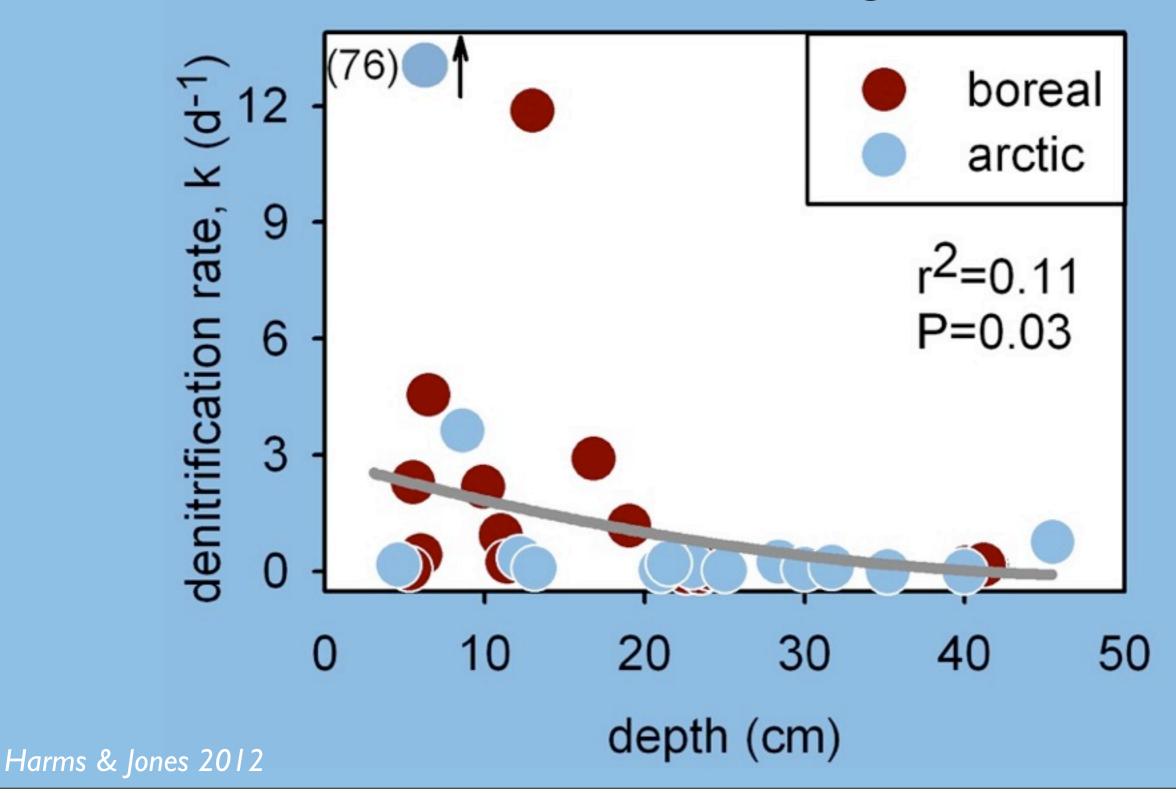
Depth of thaw

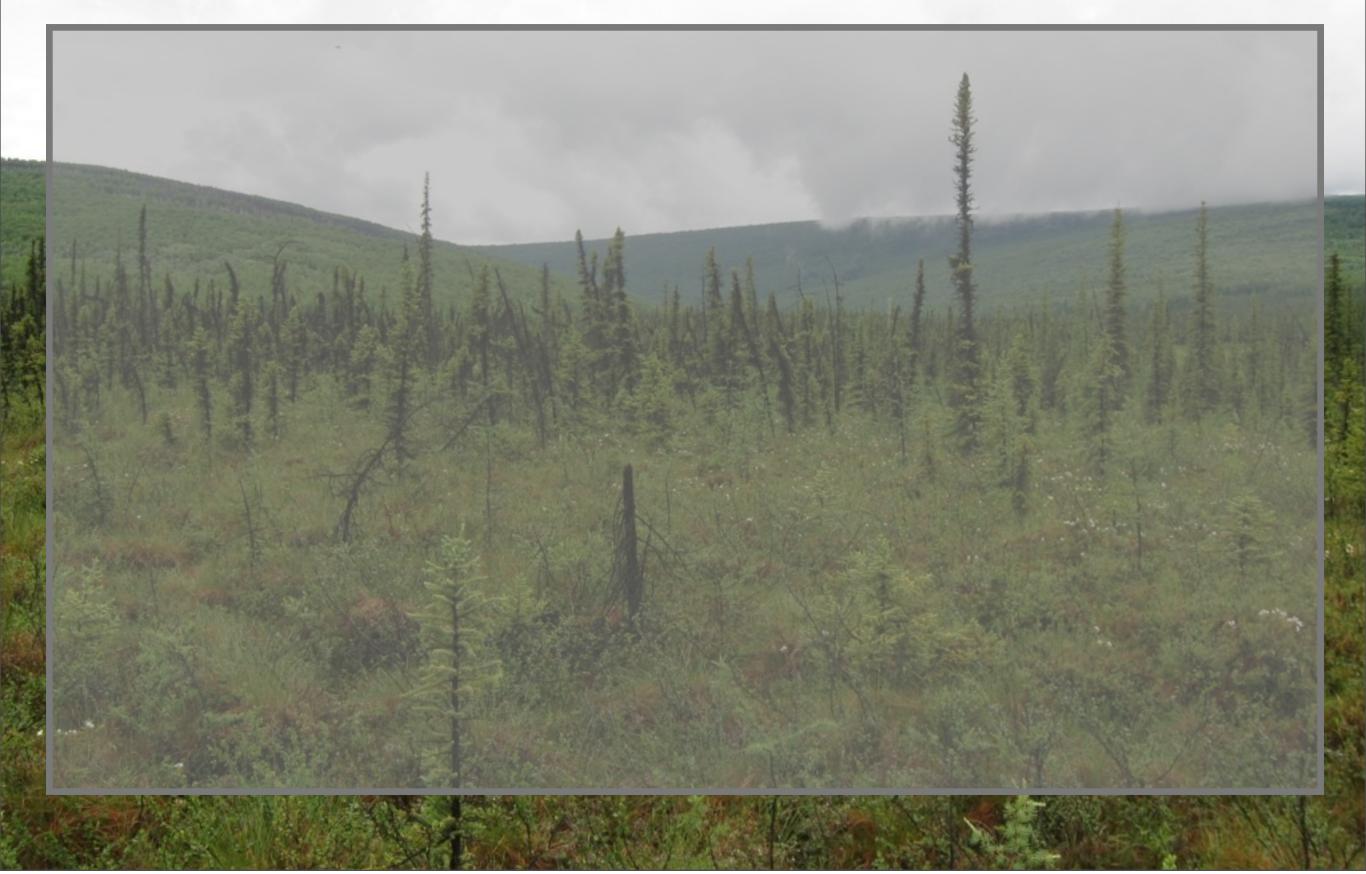
Net NO₃⁻ uptake: 0-4131 μg N m⁻² d⁻¹

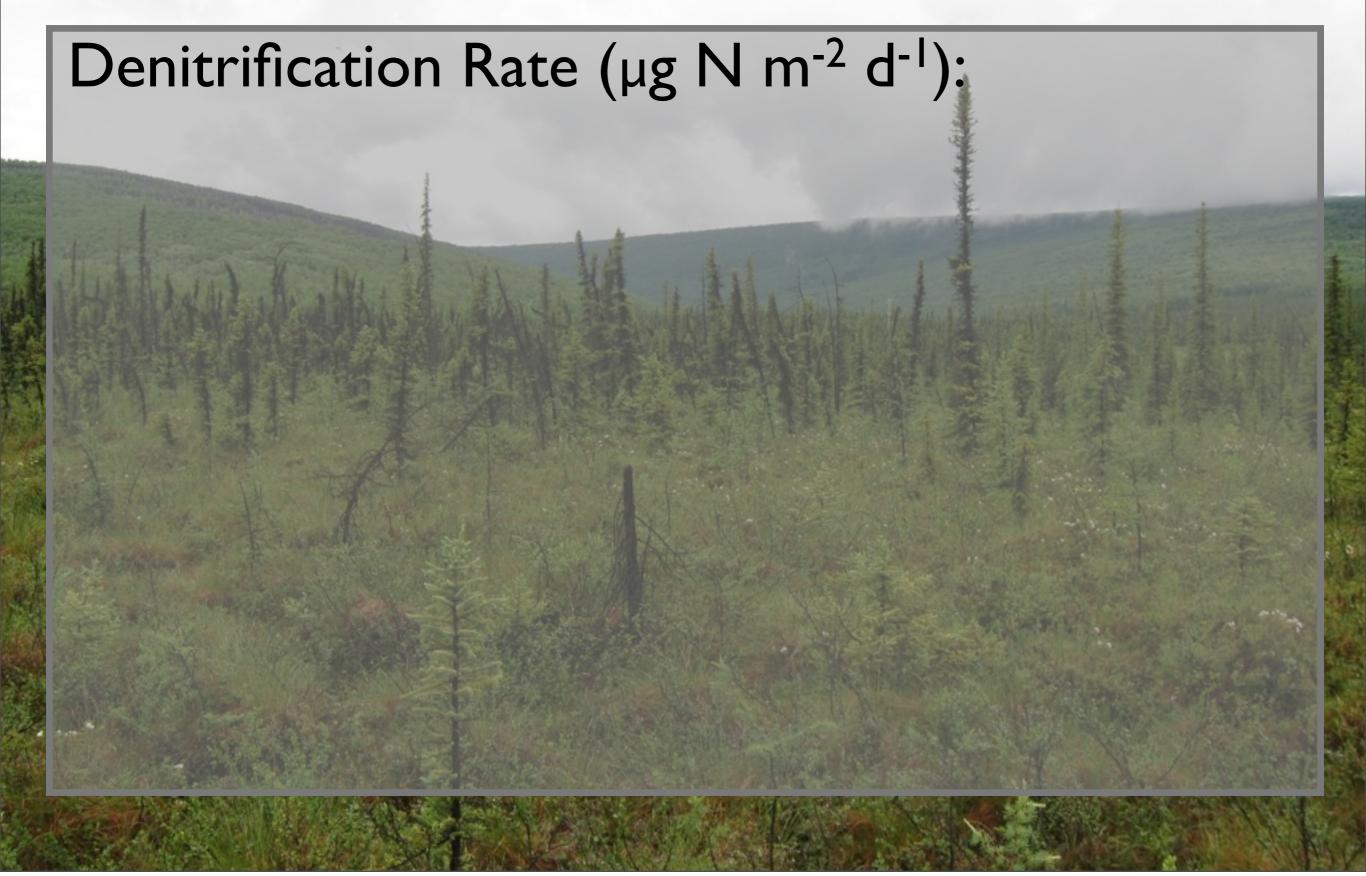


Depth of thaw

Denitrification: 0-13 µg N m⁻² d⁻¹







Denitrification Rate (µg N m⁻² d⁻¹): Marsh/Fen>Coastal wetland>Floodplain>Boreal stream>VB

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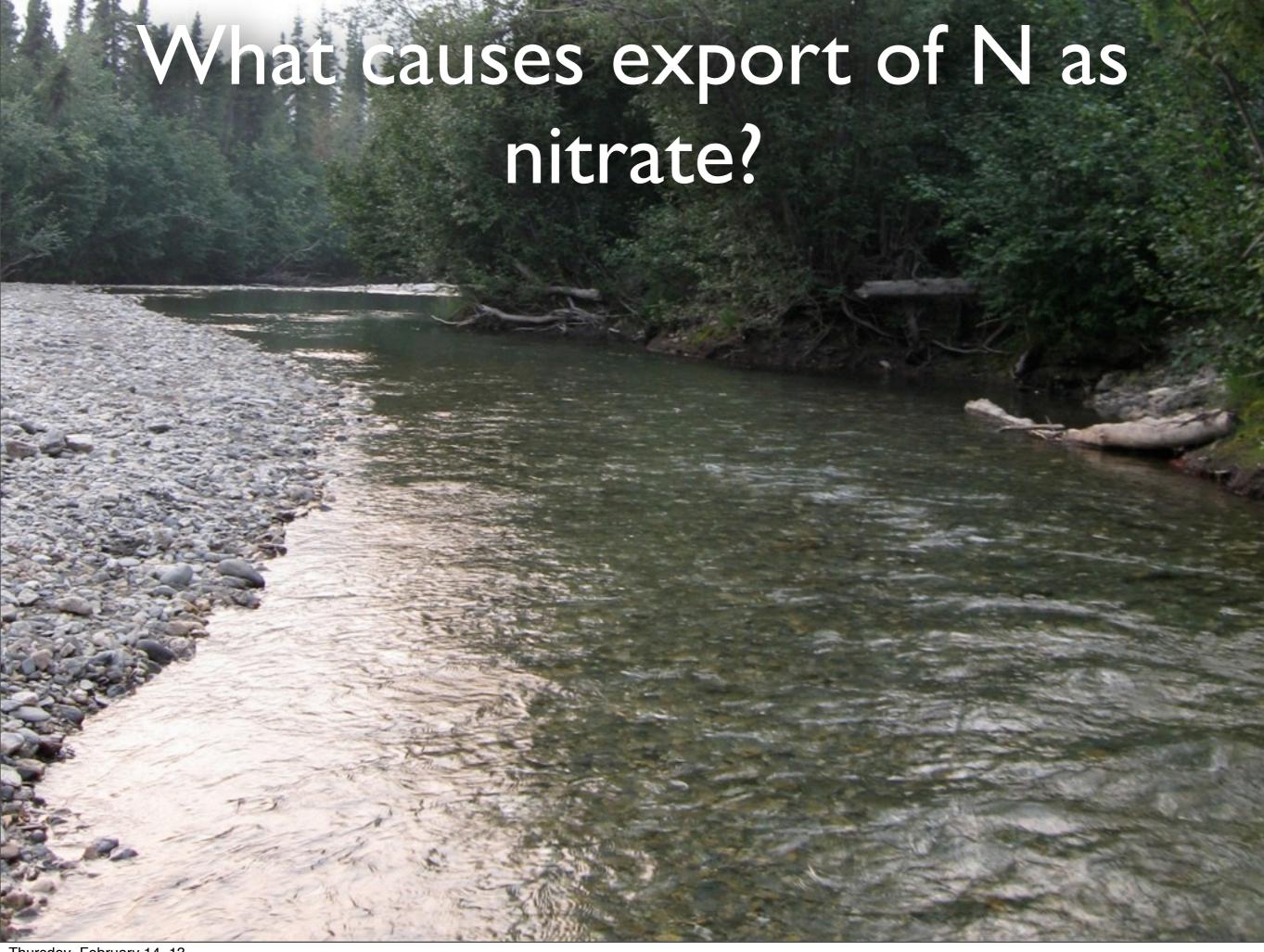
Denitrification Rate (µg N m⁻² d⁻¹): Marsh/Fen>Coastal wetland>Floodplain>Boreal stream>VB • Spatial arrangement, connectivity, extent Temporal asynchrony N load

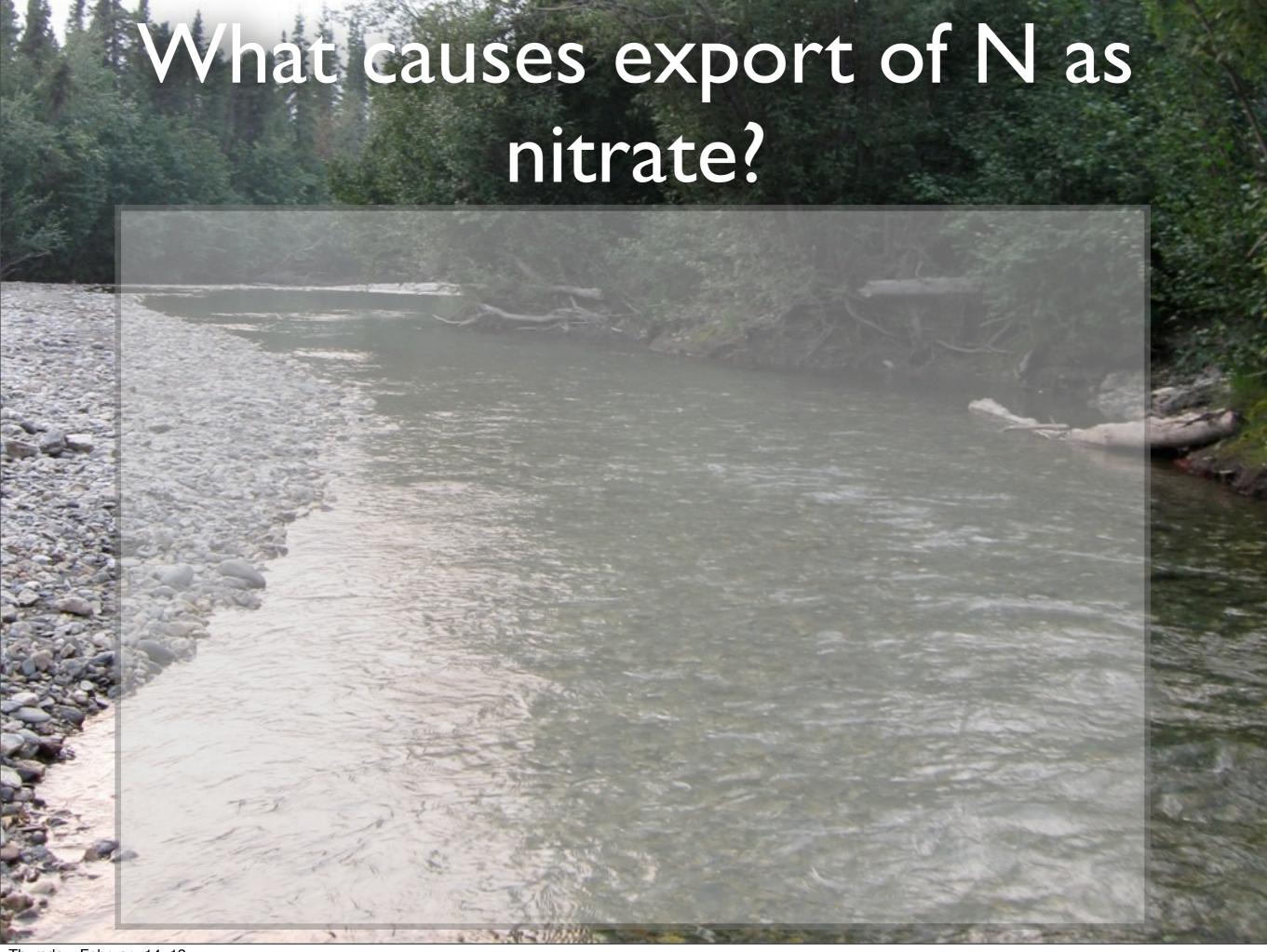
Denitrification Rate (µg N m⁻² d⁻¹):

Marsh/Fen>Coastal wetland>Floodplain>Boreal stream>VB

- Spatial arrangement, connectivity, extent
- Temporal asynchrony
- N load

NO₃⁻ Uptake Velocity (mm d⁻¹): Valley bottom = 10-20*Stream





What causes export of N as nitrate? • Retention of inorganic N occurs in shallow

 Retention of inorganic N occurs in shallow organic soils (thaw <20 cm)

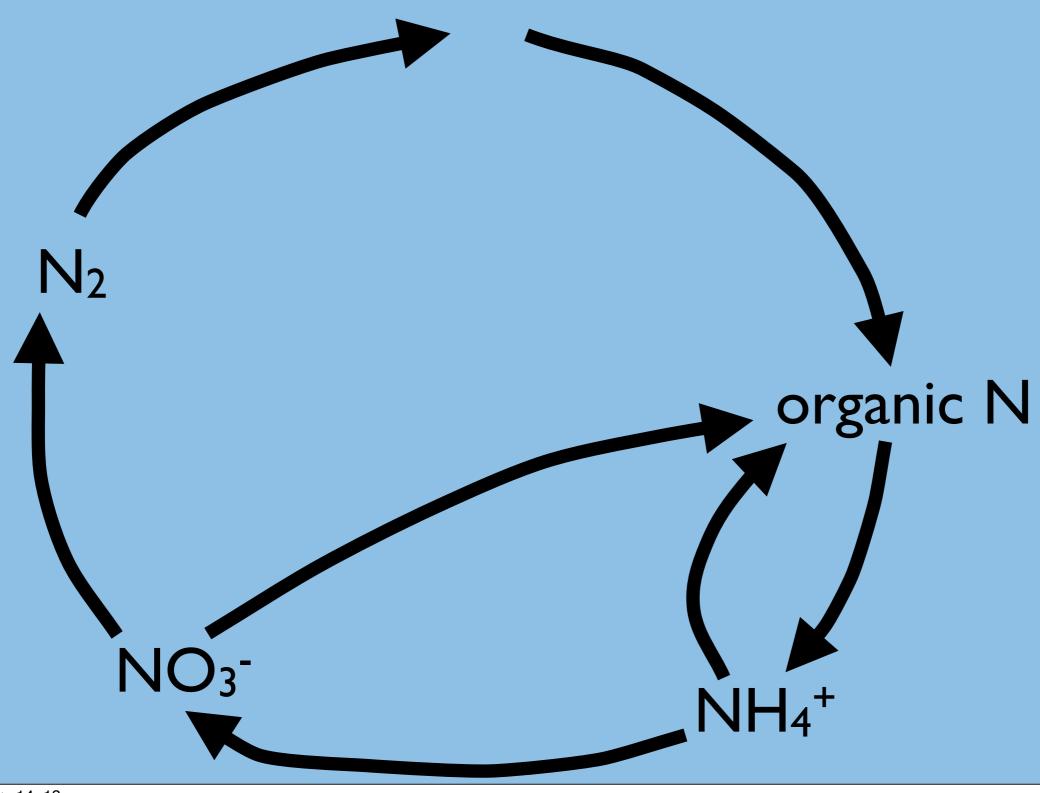
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- Nitrification occurs along deep flowpaths

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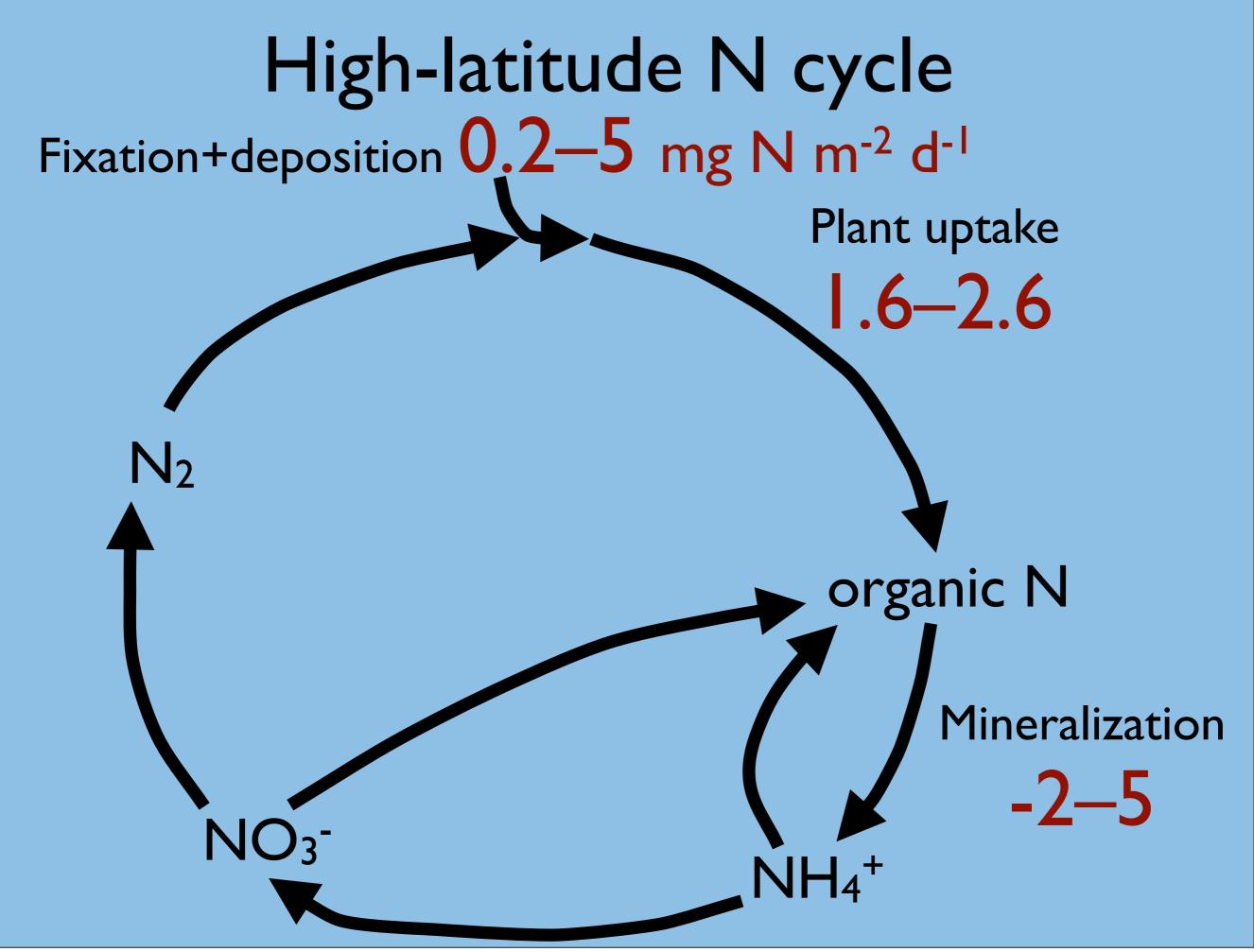
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- Nitrification occurs along deep flowpaths
- Declining retention of inorganic N with increased thaw depth
- Need for increased understanding of N cycling processes at depth
- Relationships among terrestrial N cycling and hydrologic flowpaths determine N export response to permafrost thaw

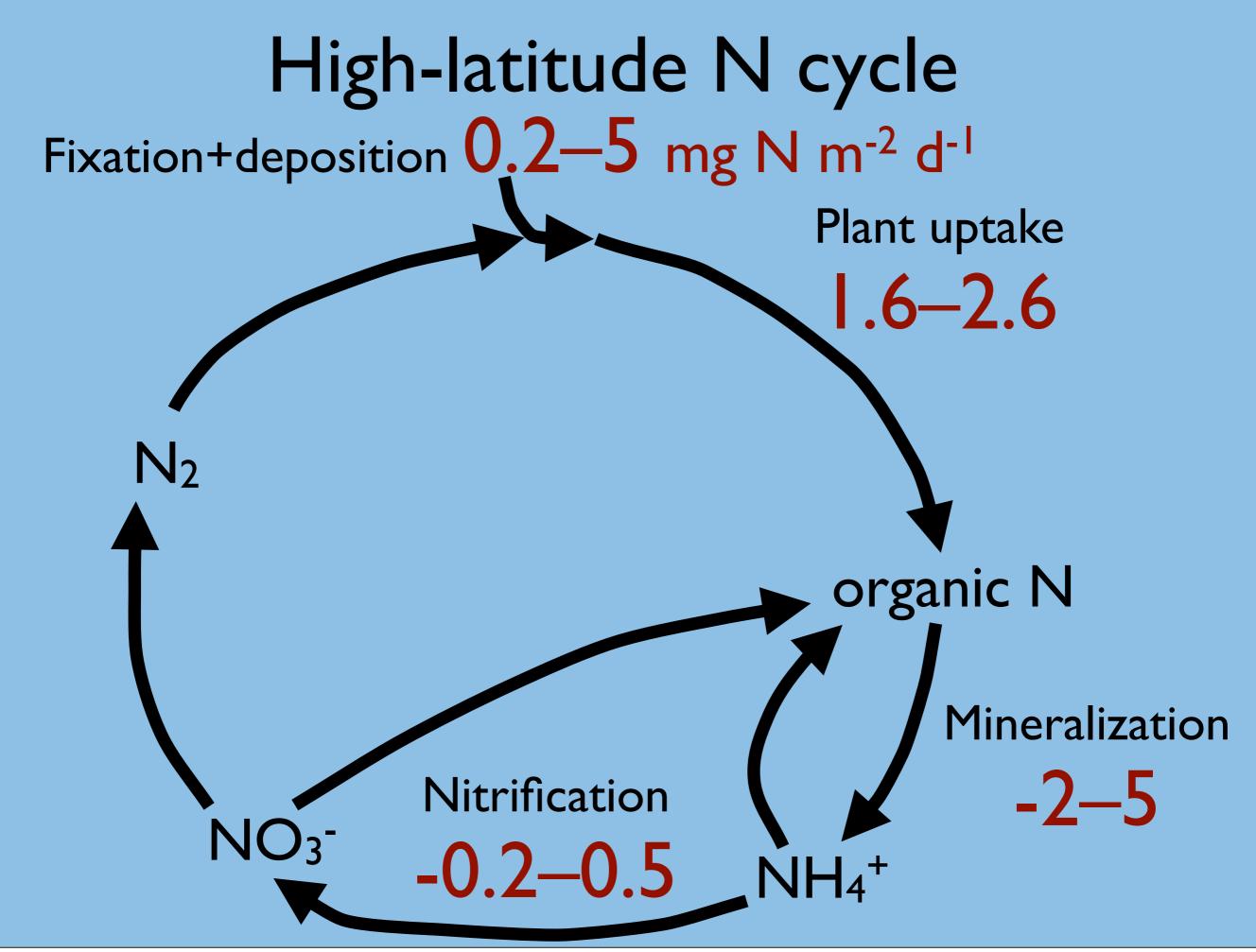
High-latitude N cycle

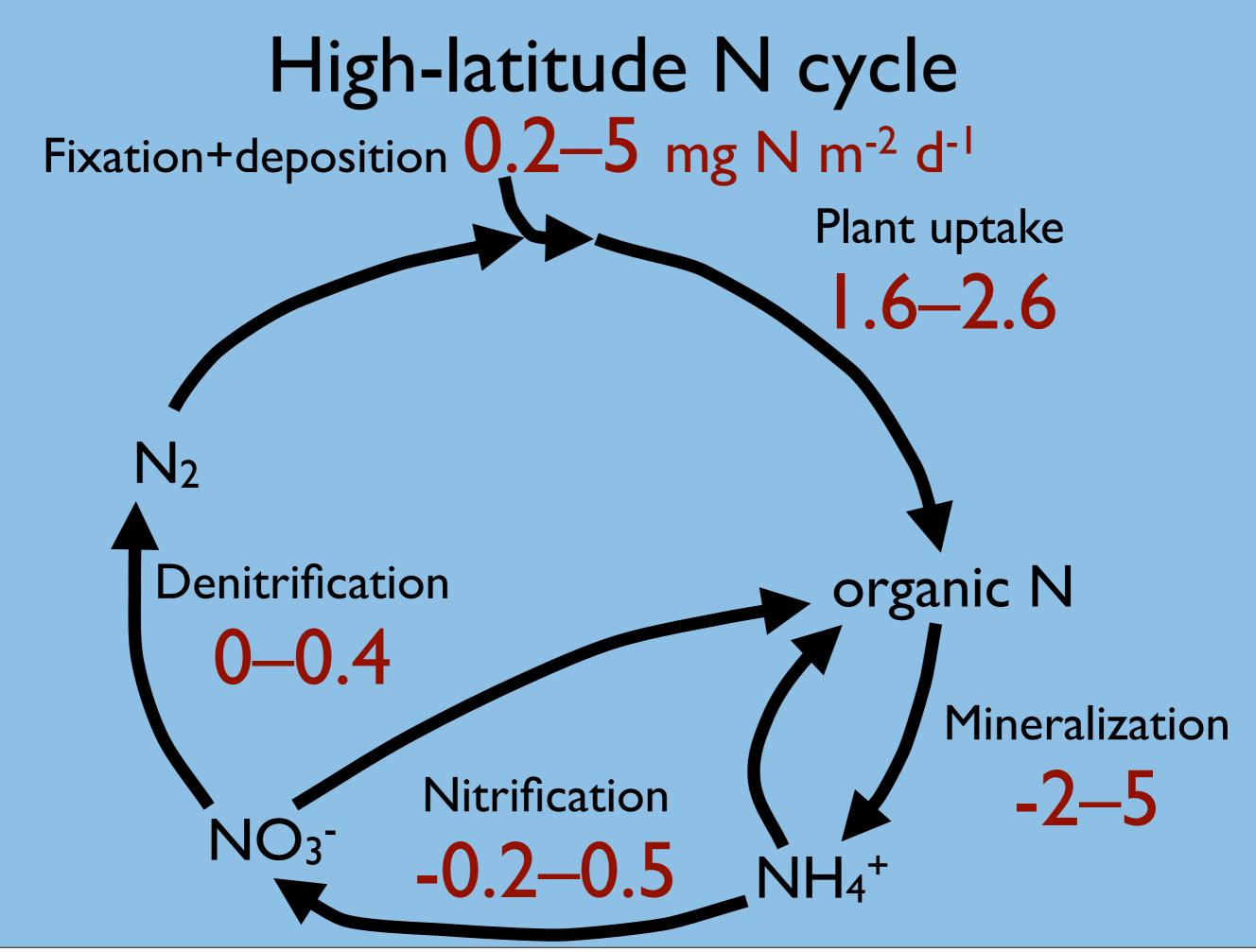


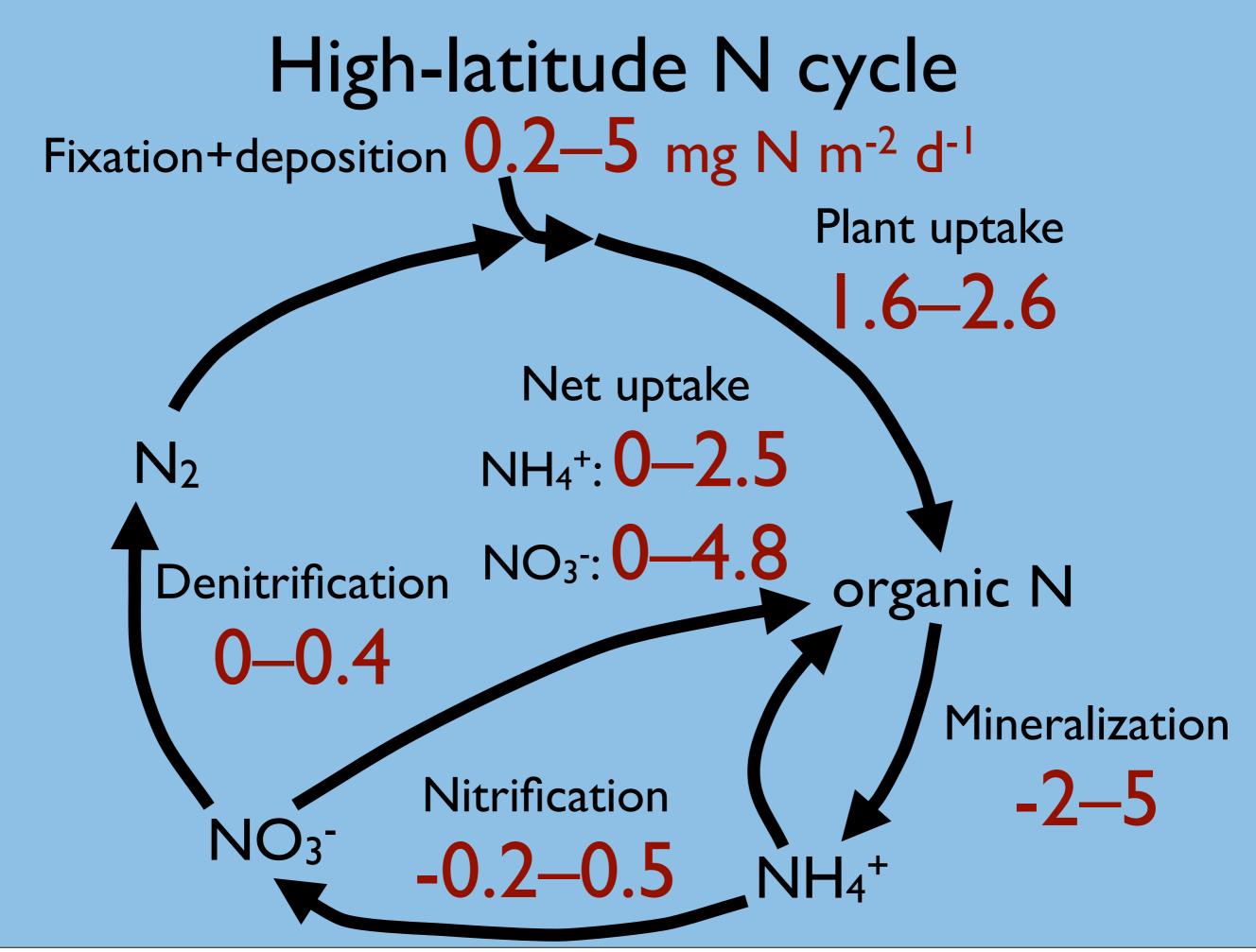
High-latitude N cycle Fixation+deposition 0.2—5 mg N m⁻² d⁻¹ N_2 organic N

High-latitude N cycle Fixation+deposition 0.2—5 mg N m⁻² d⁻¹ Plant uptake 1.6 - 2.6 N_2 organic N











Thursday, February 14, 13

Damköhler number=|k|*T
Reaction time: Water residence time

Damköhler number=|k|*T
Reaction time: Water residence time

	Snowmelt		
	Arctic	Boreal	
NH ₄ ⁺ uptake	2.4	3.3	
NO₃ ⁻ uptake	1.3	0.7	
denitrification	1.3	0	

Damköhler number=|k|*T
Reaction time: Water residence time

	Snowmelt		Autumn	
	Arctic	Boreal	Arctic	Boreal
NH ₄ ⁺ uptake	2.4	3.3	0.9	2.3
NO ₃ ⁻ uptake	1.3	0.7	0.4	0.2
denitrification	1.3	0	0.4	0